Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1895. No. 179

Always Something New

Being added to our big stock of JEWELRY, NOVELTIES, Etc., that will interest you. Not hardly necessary to tell you they are the Latest Designs and sold at a narrow margin.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

WM. STEWART, Merchant Tailor, 36 Fort St.

These are a few of our prices:

Genuine Scotch Tweed Suits from $15.00.
English Worsted Suits from $20.00.
Irish Worsted Suits from $22.00.
Pants from $4.00.

These are the Finest Imported Goods. We guarantee fit, honest work and good trimmings. Inspection invited.

THE WESTSIDE.

Closing Week
Of the Great Sale

SPECIAL

600 Pairs Ladie's Cotton Hose,
Fast Black and Seamless, 2 pairs for 25 cents.
Bargains in Embroideries.
Bargains in Laces.
Bargains in Prints.
Bargains in Staples.
Bargains in Dress Goods.
Bargains in Jackets, Blouses, Etc.
Bargains in all Departments for This Week Only.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

July 24.

THIS IS A PRIZE!

No sell this time for we are selling:

23 lbs. Sugar for $1.
5 lb. Pail Jam, 50c.
American Ham and Bacon, 14c.
Fine Table Butter, 15c.

We are not in it at these prices for they are made for you. Don't be afraid. We mean business and 16 ounces to the pound.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.,
107 Government Street.

OUR ANNUAL

Summer Sale

IS NOW ON.

Bargains for Everybody.
THE BEST GOODS.
COMPETENT WORKMEN.
LOWEST PRICES.

A. Gregg & Son,
Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

Have You

Tried Falconer's this season Fruit? Don't miss it! Choice! Delicious! Don't miss it! Ask your grocer for FALCONER'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS—Front room (with grate) connecting with smaller room; very convenient for a couple with no children; no other roomers. Apply 100 Chatham street. au2-1

WANTED—Dining room girls and dishwashers, at the New York Restaurant. White labor only. au3-1t

WANTED—6 or 7 cords of good, dry fir wood. State price to A. B., Box 147.

Victoria Water Works.

The steam pump supplying the high levels will be shut down for repairs from 9 o'clock on Saturday evening until 2 o'clock on Monday morning.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.
Water Commissioner's Office, 2 Aug., 1895.

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's mails, sails for Port Simpson, Queen Charlotte Islands and Way Ports, via Vancouver, on

Tuesday, August 6th,

At 7 o'clock p.m., from Porter's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Manager,
6 Trounce Avenue.

NOTICE.

Take notice that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners as a Licensing Court, in and for the City of Victoria, I intend to apply for a transfer of my retail liquor license for the "Nickel Plate" Saloon, Government Street, to Mr. Jacob Hasenfratz, of this city, to be held with respect to the same saloon.

Dated Victoria, B.C., the 2nd August, 1895. JOHN P. SCHMIDT.

Notice to Property Owners.

Owners of property situate along or in the vicinity of the Johnston street ravine, who have already been individually notified, or their agents, of the proposal to remedy the condition of the said ravine, are requested to meet again at the City Hall, on Tuesday evening next, the 6th instant, at 8 p.m., to consider estimate of cost of proposed improvement as prepared by the City Assessor.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B.C., July 2nd, 1895.

Open Air Concert

An Open Air Concert under the Patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor will be held at the residence of the Hon. D. M. Eberts (Victoria Arm), on the Evening of 2nd August, at 8.30 p.m. Proceeds in aid of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital. Refreshments free.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

SPECIAL SALE

Sumatra
Leaf Tobacco.

I will sell by Public Auction, at Salesrooms, Bastion Square,

Tuesday, August 6th, at 11 a.m.

IN BOND

A Sample Consignment, direct from the Importers, of

FIVE BALES PANDANG
SUMATRA LEAF TOBACCO.

Terms Cash.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
au2 Auctioneer.

The Eastern Pork & Provision Store
HAS REMOVED
To 89 Johnson St.,
Cor. of Broad St.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.

Now see that your blood is pure. Good health follows the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the one great blood purifier.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Hearing of the Ontario Appeal on Power to Pass Prohibitory Liquor Laws.

An Englishwoman Obtains a Verdict for £1500 Against a New York Seducer.

London, Aug. 2.—Miss Sadie Eakins was given a verdict of £1500 to-day against William Craig Powers, cashier of a bank at Rochester, N. Y., on the ground of breach of promise and seduction. After the seduction it appears from the evidence presented in court that Powers revealed to Miss Eakins that he was married and added that he expected daily to secure a divorce from his wife in America. The next day, however, Powers announced that he was unable to obtain a divorce from his wife. He left Miss Eakins penniless and left for Paris. Powers did not appear at the trial.

The hearing of the provincial prohibition appeal before the judicial committee of the privy council to decide whether the power to pass prohibitory liquor legislation belongs to the federal or provincial authorities in Canada, which began to-day, was adjourned until Tuesday. At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. E. L. Newcombe, on behalf of the Dominion of Canada, questions touching the right to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors were also raised.

Constantinople, Aug. 2.—At a cabinet council just held a scheme of reforms, not only for Armenia, but for the whole of the Turkish empire, was decided upon.

SUDDEN DEATH IN LONDON.

Mr. McConnell, of Toronto, Dies Suddenly During the I. O. F. Session.

London, Aug. 1.—During the session of the supreme court of Foresters today, Dr. John McConnell, a delegate from Toronto, died suddenly soon after leaving the meeting. The body was found in the lavatory on the floor.

London, Aug. 2.—The following additional particulars have been obtained regarding the sudden death of Mr. McConnell, delegate from Toronto to the session of the supreme court of the I. O. F. at St. Martin's Town Hall, yesterday:

After the supreme chief ranger had made his biennial report in the presence of the American and Canadian delegates, committees were elected and the court was changed from biennial to triennial, and Mr. McConnell, who was sitting chatting with the delegates, left the hall and went to the lavatory. Other delegates who went to this portion of the building were unable to enter the door, which was subsequently forced open. Mr. McConnell was found dead inside. There were many doctors present, but all efforts made to revive him were unavailing. The deceased was stopping at the Westminster Hotel. Death is believed to be due to apoplexy. Mr. McConnell intended to make a speech before the court adjourned. An inquest will be held.

At the post mortem examination of the remains of Dr. McConnell to-day it was decided that death resulted from pulmonary apoplexy. At to-day's session of the supreme court of Foresters resolutions expressing condolence with the family of the deceased delegate from Toronto were passed. The supreme court decided during to-day's session to increase the rate of assessment upon members between the ages of forty and forty-nine.

HEAVY CATCH OF SALMON.

A Big Run On—Bail for Locksley Lucas Refused.

New Westminster, Aug. 2.—A strong run of salmon is entering the river to-day and the catches are heavy.

Application for bail in the case of Locksley Lucas, who has been committed for trial on the charge of seducing his sister-in-law, Katie Bushby, a 15-year-old girl, of Gaschen, Wash., was refused to-day by Justice McCreight, and Lucas will stay in jail till the fall assizes.

SHOOTING AFFAIR.

A Society Girl Shoots and Kills a Negro Boy.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Miss Elizabeth Flagler, aged 23, daughter of General Flagler, well known in army and society circles, shot and killed a fourteen year old negro boy named Ernest Green today at her home in the suburbs of the city. The Flaglers and other families in the vicinity have of late been annoyed by boys stealing fruit and damaging the trees in their gardens. To-day Miss Flagler discovered young Green on the fence stealing fruit and fired at him from the second story window. The bullet entered his right breast and passed through his body. Miss Flagler went to the police headquarters and gave herself up.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Congressman Hilbern Thinks That the Monarchy Will Soon be Restored.

White People More Illiterate Than the Kanakas—Favors the Cable.

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—Congressman Hilbern, who returned from Hawaii today, placed himself on record as being opposed to the annexation of the islands to the United States. In discussing the question he said: "The population consists mostly of Japanese, Chinese, and Portuguese, with a small proportion of Americans and English speaking people. The percentage of illiteracy is much greater among the whites than among the Kanakas. The present government is not satisfactory to the majority of the people there, especially the natives. It is practically an oligarchy, and the idea of a republic is laughed at. It is not popular, and the great masses have no voice except in the election of the lower house. The senate is elected by the property holders, who represent but a few thousand of the people, and many of them are more illiterate than the natives. Much respect is shown President Dole, as he is considered conscientious and is generally liked. The Japanese are the most aggressive and the most to be feared. They quickly learn the ways and take every advantage. They import everything from Japan and spend little on the islands. They would, of course, be required to put a tax upon all imports from other countries which came into competition with our products. If this is done and we extend a protectorate over the islands both countries would derive the advantage of annexation while allowed to govern themselves, but as things are going now I believe the queen will be restored." On the question of the Pacific cable Mr. Hilbern said: "It would not pay any private party to build it. I believe, though, it would pay this government. The Pacific will, in some emergency, be the rendezvous for the navies of the world, and telegraph communication to Honolulu will be a great saving. There would be considerable revenue, and I would vote favorably on the proposition."

FIRES AND FLOODS.

Additional Particulars of the Damage and Loss of Life.

Manistique, Mich., Aug. 1.—Reports received from Whitedale and Gullion, two small towns about fifteen miles east of here on the "Soo" road, say that these places are in great danger of destruction from the forest fires, which are in all sections of the country.

Menomenei, Mich., Aug. 2.—The fire here was completely subdued yesterday. As near as can be ascertained the following are the losses: A. Spies, lumber, $75,000, no insurance; Girard Lumber Co., $60,000, insurance, $42,000; Menomenei Shoe Co., lumber, $225,000, insurance, $100,000; A. W. Clarke & Co., match factory, $20,000, insurance, $20,300; Crawford Manufacturing Co., stock, $40,000, insurance, $14,000; Michigan Fuel So., stock, $15,000, fully insured. Not more than four residences were destroyed, which, together with other buildings and property, will probably increase the loss $25,000 to $30,000.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 2.—A News special from Alburquerque says dispatches from Socorro say up to 1 o'clock last night nineteen bodies of persons who were stricken down by the rush of water on Tuesday have been recovered.

HOLMES AND QUINLAN.

Police Claim to Have Conclusive Evidence Against the Pair.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Chief of Police Badenoch said to-day that new and important evidence had been discovered against Holmes. "We have just discovered the most important evidence yet found," said Chief Badenoch, "most damning for both Holmes and Quinlan. I am not at liberty to say what it is, but I think that when it is made known the police will not be ridiculed as they have been of late."

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 2.—The Little Rock end of the Holmes murder sensation is about petered out. In the next forty-eight hours the police will in all probability have proven that convict John Caldwell, alias Hatch, alias Allen, alias Fogg, alias Mascot, could have had no connection with Holmes and his crimes, as he was in Tennessee penitentiary at the time he claims to have been operating in Fort Worth, Texas, for Holmes. Caldwell was born in Tipton county, Tennessee, not far from Memphis. He followed horse stealing for a brief period, when he was arrested here and sentenced to twenty-one years in penitentiary. This was seven years ago. A few months ago he was pardoned, but went immediately to Arkansas and engaged in his former pursuit. There he again came to grief and was sent to Arkansas state penitentiary, where he now is.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Ex-Speaker Crisp Will be Dined be the Bi-Metallic League in London.

Persecution of Stambuloff's Widow by the Bulgarian Authorities.

London, Aug. 2.—Mr. Charles F. Crisp, ex-speaker of the United States house of representatives, is sight-seeing in London. The bimetallic league has invited Mr. Crisp to a conference and he will be dined previous to his departure for home by the speaker of the house of commons, Mr. William C. Gully.

Sir Thomas Francis Wade, K. C. B., G. C. M. G., died yesterday, aged 75. He was born about 1820 and entered the army in 1838, serving afterwards in China and elsewhere. In 1843 he was appointed interpreter to the garrison of Hong Kong, and was for many years in the government service in that country, during which he acquired a familiarity with the native character and language. In 1871 he was appointed envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary and chief superintendent of British trade in China. He was advanced to the rank of K. C. B. in 1875 for his exertions in negotiating important treaties with the Chinese government and obtaining trade facilities in that empire. He retired on a pension in 1883.

The Daily News in a leader says: "The document relating to the condition of the Christians, published in New York by the Evangelical Alliance of Constantinople, is of the utmost importance. The Americans' share therein is peculiarly acceptable because America has absolutely no political interests in Turkey. It goes to prove that nothing is so futile as to entrust the Turks with administration. As it is, the powers have accepted the nomination of Shakir Pasha as the guardian angel of the new reform, a man whose chief exploit is the organization of that dreadful nomadic cavalry, which is only Kurd with the government stamp."

The Medical Congress dined at the Queen's hall this evening. Baron Halsbury, the lord high chancellor, toasted the guests. Among those who responded was Dr. Keene, who, in a cordial speech, expressed the pleasure of the Americans at their visit to England. Prof. Reynolds presided.

Previous to the decision being arrived at to hold the next session of the International Geographical Congress in Berlin, the Norwegian explorer Borchgrevink concluded his account of the voyage which he had made to the Antarctic regions, and said that he believed that there existed in the extreme south a great continent having an area of about eight million miles and containing many animals unknown to the inhabitants of the northern hemisphere. In conclusion he said that the time was now ripe for an expedition to those regions. The congress passed a resolution to the effect that the exploration of the Antarctic regions formed the greatest work still to be undertaken, and that in view of the addition of knowledge to every branch of science which would result from such exploration the congress desires the scientific societies of the world to urge in the most effective manner that the work be undertaken before the close of the century.

The correspondent of the Times at Shanghai telegraphs to the paper that a commission under Consul Tratman, the composition of which cannot be regarded as adequate, has been ordered to go to Chen Tu to inquire into the recent riots there in which it was feared at one time the British and American missionaries had been killed.

A dispatch from Sofia to the Standard says: "The persecution of the widow of M. Stambuloff does not abate. The servants are not able to leave the house without being arrested, searched and catechised as to the doings of the family and manacled unless they agree to quit their service."

The Daily News' Berlin dispatch says that the two Russian towns of Grayiowa, near the Prussian frontier, and Sieciechcow, Radon, have been burned. In the burning of the latter seven men perished.

Berlin, Aug. 1.—Prof. Heinric Sybel, the German historian, is dead.

Colon, Colombia, Aug. 1.—The Panama railway yesterday handled 1300 tons of transit freight. The strike is ended and the strikers are receiving their usual wages.

A Vienna dispatch to the Standard says that Prof. Alois Schmidt, of Komata, Bohemia, climbed Mount Trigallay, in the Corinthian Alps, without a guide. He fell and was killed.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

News From Eastern Canada in Brief Paragraphs.

Winnipeg, Aug. 1.—The rejoinder by the Dominion government to Manitoba's reply to the Ottawa dispatch on schools was received by Lieut.-Gov. Schultz today and handed over to the Manitoba government. It is understood that a cabinet council will be called at once to consider the reference. Sir John Schultz, the Lieut.-Governor, has left for Banff, where, rumor has it, he is to meet Premier Bowell and Hon. Mr. Daly.

Ottawa, Aug. 2.—Captain Charles F. Cox, of the department of marine and fisheries, was drowned at Gatineau Point this morning before the eyes of his wife and only child. He went in bathing in front of his summer cottage and sank before help arrived. He had been acting chief engineer of the department since Lieut.-Col. Anderson went to Bisley.

Quebec, Aug. 1.—Porter, the Bank of Montreal teller, is still behind the bars. His stock was sold yesterday and netted the bank $31,000. He is also guaranteed in the Guarantee Company of British North America for a certain amount.

Montreal, Aug. 1.—Judge Dugas and J. N. Greenshields, who have been in Ireland for some time past taking evidence in the Shortis case, will sail for home to-morrow. They have examined 30 witnesses in all. Three of these swore that Shortis, while residing in Waterford, Ireland, had fired several shots at them on different occasions. They had mentioned nothing of these occurrences until two years later, not even to their families.

Toronto, Aug. 1.—The depth of water in the bay is still on the decrease and is becoming alarming. There are only nine feet of water in the western gap, while the course to the island has to be picked out so finely that several of the ferry boats will be taken off in order to run no risks. Yesterday the water had fallen to the lowest mark known to the harbor commissioners.

London, Aug 1.—At the Supreme court of the Independent Order of Foresters, Oronhyatekha, the supreme chief ranger, made the biennial report in the presence of the American and Canadian delegates. Committees were elected and the court was changed from biennial to triennial.

CAMPOS GAGS THE PRESS.

Nothing Will Be Published Without His Sanction.

Havana, Aug. 1.—Captain-General Martinez de Campos has issued the following proclamation: "There being instances, often and repeatedly, in which the press publishes facts, news and correspondence which mislead public opinion and tend to favor the work of the insurgent force and to damage that of the national army, I avail myself of the right that the article of the law of April 3, 1870, bestows on me, and I decree the following:

Article 1—It is absolutely prohibited to publish news referring to the campaign when it is not of official origin.

Article 2—The staff officers will hand to the press the news and facts, the publicity of which is not included in the above clause. (Signed) Campos, Cienfugos, July 29."

The insurgent chief, Roderiguez, formerly associated with Carlos Castillo, has been killed in an engagement with the civil guard at the Venidia plantation, near Guantanamo.

Count Monterra, chief of the Cuban reform party, in an interview upon the state of affairs in the island of Cuba, says that operations against the insurgents would be commenced in earnest during the autumn and that before the winter set in the rebellion would be over. The insurgents, he added, were short of ammunition and the leaders lacked prestige. The principal thing to do, in the opinion of Count Monterra, is to watch the coast to prevent outside help reaching the insurgents. The Count said that public opinion in the interior of the island is opposed to the insurrection and that this feeling is increasing.

"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.

ONTARIO'S APPEAL.

Discussed Before the Privy Council and Adjourned.

London, Aug. 1.—Before the judicial committee of the privy council to-day there was a strong array of counsel to argue the appeal of the province of Ontario against a decision of the supreme court as to the right of the province to regulate the traffic and manufacture of liquor. Mr. J. J. McLaren, Q. C., on behalf of the province, spoke at great length, citing many cases to support the contentions of the province. Lord Watson, a member of the committee, remarked during the course of Mr. McLaren's address that it was questionable whether the Dominion parliament should lose so great a power to hand it over to the province, and further said that some of the arguments advanced by Mr. McLaren contained no force. Hon. Edward Blake was present representing the Brewers and Distillers Association of Ontario and was prepared with an address, but it appears as if he would not be required to deliver it. Mr. Halden, M. P., is associated with Mr. McLaren. Messrs. Newcombe, Christopher Robinson, Sir Oliver Mowat, Aemilius Irving, C. W. Moss, N. W. Hoyles and other leading counsel are also present representing the several interests. At the close of Mr. McLaren's address the further hearing was adjourned until to-morrow morning.

"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Durrant's Trial Adjourned—The Sunbeam—Railway Smash-up.

Massilon, O., Aug. 2.—A westbound freight train on the Fort Wayne road broke in two at 4 o'clock this morning. The rear and forward sections came together with terrible force, causing a bad wreck. Four tramps were killed outright and six others were dangerously injured.

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—Two more jurors were secured in Durrant's murder trial to-day, making six in all. The case was then adjourned until Monday.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—The yachtsmen of this city, and of Milwaukee particularly, are beginning to doubt the existence of any such yacht as the Sunbeam, which was reported to have disappeared in Sturgeon Bay, and are strongly of the opinion that the boat is a myth. Mr R. N. English, who introduced himself to the Milwaukee yachtsmen as commodore of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto, was in Chicago to-day. He was told by a representative of the Marine News Association that he was considered by many here and in Milwaukee to be an impostor. He insisted that he was all he claimed to be and declared that his yacht Sunbeam would appear in Milwaukee within a few days and take him on board.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prospects for the Corn Crop Very Bright and Encouraging.

New York, July 27.—Four days more will bring us to the date of August 1st, when the corn crop will have about passed any serious exposure to danger, especially such as occurred last year. The damage then was from drouth, which almost cut the crop in two. The cause of damage which occurred last year commenced in the middle of July, and ten days thereafter this country suffered an aggregate loss of at least $400,000,000. From the present outlook this year's corn yield will be the biggest on record by several hundred million bushels, in which event it will bring an amount of prosperity to the country that will gladden the hearts of almost everybody. The present swing of good business in all directions will then have a basis for its continuance until the result of next year's crop is ascertained. The crops of this country each year are the measure of our prosperity as much as gold is the true measure of values.

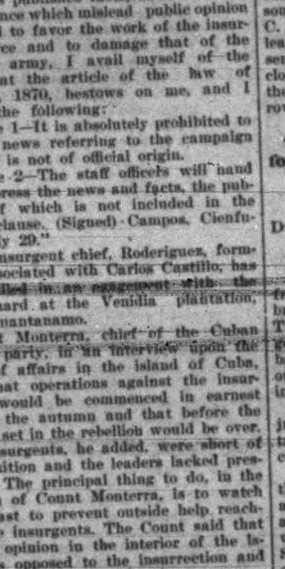
A member of our firm has just returned from an extensive western trip, including the corn belt, and reports that "The corn crop could hardly be in better shape than it is at present. There have been numerous rains of late and sufficient moisture is now in the ground to obviate the likelihood of any damage by the hot winds to be looked for at this time of the year. The corn is full of vitality and about three weeks ahead of season, which considerably lessens the probability of damage by early frost. Farmers are jubilant and the railroad people say they will not have cars enough to carry the corn out of the country if present prospects continue. There is any number of well informed people in the west who are looking for a 2,400,000,000 corn crop."

In connection with the advance in securities generally, which has been quite considerable within a few months, the general and erroneous opinion entertained is that the established high quotations of the various properties dealt in on the New York Stock Exchange are based solely upon the intrinsic value consequent upon improved earnings. While it is partially attributable to that cause, it is more largely due to the changed value of money, not only in this country but all over the world. It now takes a million dollars to produce the same income which was formerly derived from $500,000, through sound investments or temporary loans. Money has really been displaced in connection with business undertakings by the use of credits based upon increased confidence. This has caused an accumulation of money at all the great centres, which is now awaiting investment, and new investment properties of a solid character have not been created to any great extent during the past five years, since the Baring panic of 1890. The competition for sound investments where the principal is absolutely safe has been so keen as to absorb all this class of securities.

The difficulty of making good investments both here and in Europe is now perplexing those who have a large surplus of funds on hand. This condition of affairs prevails in New York, London, Paris, Berlin, Amsterdam, and all the other money centres, and is likely to continue until some new and safe means are devised for profitably employing capital. HENRY CLEWS.

—Dispels all uneasiness at the stomach and makes you feel first rate. Adams' Tutti Frutti. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria) Cigars, 5c.



Weak, Tired, Nervous

Women, who seem to be all worn out, will find in purified blood, made rich and healthy by Hood's Sarsaparilla, permanent relief and strength. The following is from a well known nurse:

"I have suffered for years with female complaints and kidney troubles and I have had a great deal of medical advice during that time, but have received little or no benefit. A friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began to use it, together with Hood's Pills. I have realized more benefit from these medicines than from anything else I have ever taken. From my personal experience I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be a most complete blood purifier." MRS. C. CROMPTON, 71 Cumberland St., Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

"E. B. EDDY."

This Name we Naturally Associate With the Best Matches.

SMOKE GLASSES

NOLTE'S PATENT

For protecting the eyes from bright light and dust from 35 cents to $2.50.

☞ SEE OUR PERFECTED GROUND Smoke Glasses, the finest produced for weak and sensitive eyes.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,

The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street

RURAL HOUSE,

Saanichton Station, V. & S. Railway.

This beautiful and healthy resort is now re-opened under the management of J. J. Gray. The accommodation this hotel affords is equal to any. Persons desiring a few days of quiet rest will find this a most charming retreat. Wines are of the best only.

GILT EDGE CREAMERY BUTTER.

Eastern Pork & Provision Store,

NO. 13, CITY MARKET.

Having made arrangements with one of the best Creameries to handle their butter, have now on hand a choice lot in small tubs for family use. Prices low.

Good Dairy Butter, ...10c., 15c., 20c.

Eggs ....12 1-2c., 15c., 20c.

British Ship "Howth"

Will commence loading in Liverpool for Victoria about September 15th, and having the greater part of her cargo engaged will have prompt dispatch. For further particulars apply to

ROBERT WARD & CO., LTD.

tf Temple Building.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

No. 90 Johnson street, VICTORIA, B.C

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

TERMS REASONABLE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 3, Block XVI; lot 25, block XVIII; lot 12, block XIX; lots 13 and 29, block XX; lot 17, block XXX; lots 20 and 38, block XXXI; lot 26, block XXXIV lot 1, block XXXV; lot 4, block XXXVII; lots 2 and 20, block XXXIX; the easterly 2-3 of lot 21, block XL; lot 13, block XLVIII; lot 2, block L; lot 7, block LI; part of district lot 185, in the city of Vancouver.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to James Charles Prevost, guardian of the estate of Ernest Wilfred Pratt, otherwise known as Ernest Pratt, on the 28th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming the estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

T. O. TOWNLEY,
District Registrar.

Land Registry Office, Vancouver, 24th June, 1895. 3m.

Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of the Application of Peter Steele for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the following portions of Sections XXXI and XXXII., Esquimalt District, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of land forming a portion of Section XXXII., Esquimalt District, together known as Lots 20 and 21, according to a survey and plan made by R. Homfray, C. E., and more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at the N. E. corner of said section, thence running westerly along the northern boundary of said section 396 links, thence south 475 links, thence easterly to the eastern boundary of said section, 351 links; thence northward along the said boundary to the point of beginning, 562 links.

Also that piece or parcel of land known as Buckley's Orchard, and forming a portion of Section XXXI, Esquimalt District, more particularly described as follows: To wit: Commencing at a point on the northern boundary of the said section 14 feet six inches distant from the N. E. corner of before mentioned Section XXXII., thence running easterly along the said boundary 400 feet, thence southerly and parallel to the eastern boundary of the first above described piece of land 825 feet, thence at right angles west 350 feet, thence north to the point of beginning, 198 feet.

Also all that piece or parcel of land forming another portion of Section XXXI., Esquimalt District, bounded as follows, viz.: On the west by the last described piece of land known as Buckley's Orchard, on the south by a line drawn from the south easterly corner of said last described piece to the Craigflower road and parallel to the northern boundary of the said Section XXXI., to the eastward by the Craigflower road, and to the northward by the northern boundary of said Section XXXI.

NOTICE is hereby given that a certificate of indefeasible title to the above lands will be issued to Peter Steele on the 30th day of September, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, June 24, 1895.

RECREATION

Recreation is recommended by every medical man one meets; but it must be of a moderate kind. Now

CYCLING

Is healthful, invigorating and the best exercise for the whole body, employing all the muscles, and if undertaken with moderation will give a general healthy tone to the entire system.

You Must Consider

the quality of the machine.

The RAMBLER

Is noted for its excellent build, neatness, speed and for the ease with which it can be driven.

WEILER BROS,

AGENTS.

NOTE—You can make a thorough inspection of these Famous Wheels at our Showrooms on Fort Street.

THE INSURANCE MURDERS.

Holmes Bewails the Treatment of Pat Quinlan by the Detectives.

Two Girls Managed to Escape the Murderer's Clutches—Further Discoveries.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—In an interview yesterday with Holmes touching the discovery of so many bones in the basement of his Castle he said: "Every person who has known me is aware that I am a doctor by profession. It is also known perfectly well in Chicago that there was a restaurant in my building, No. 71 Wallace street, during the World's Fair. At that time there were lots of bones from fowls and other cooked animals thrown outside the building. Lots of these bones, no doubt, found their way to the cellar. During the time I lived in the building I brought several cadavers there for scientific and pecuniary purposes. This may account for the bones the Chicago police say they have found." In speaking of the Emiline P. Cigrand mystery, Holmes said: "I employed Emiline Cigrand in May, 1892, as a typewriter. I engaged her from one of the regular Chicago typewriter bureaus. She remained in my employ until October, 1893. She was a good and virtuous girl as far as I know. A respectable business man and a personal friend of mine knows that the girl was alive and well one year after she left my employ. If she is dead she has gone to heaven." Continuing, Holmes said: "I regard Pat Quinlan, my former janitor, in the light of being persecuted. I pity his unfortunate position. The treatment of Pat by the detectives in Chicago is unjust. He has nothing to confess. This I declare positively."

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 1.—Convict Allen, being interviewed to-day, said: "My name is Caldwell, but I have passed under the aliases of Allen and Osgood, and was known at Fort Worth often as Mascot. I can unravel the Fort Worth swindle if I am paid for it, and I can show that Minnie Williams was not murdered. I heard from her a few months ago and she is afraid to come to this country." When reminded that in turning state's evidence Quinlan might put him in a bad place and convict Holmes, he said, with some excitement: "Quinlan shall never be allowed to have Holmes hanged, for of the two Holmes is more of a gentleman, and as for me he does not know anything. If he did I would have left the country." Allen seemed much attached to Holmes, and says he will not testify against him in a criminal suit, because Holmes always treated him well. He denies ever assuming the alias of Hatch.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—Arrangements have been completed for taking the testimony of John C. Allen, the Little Rock, Ark., convict, which is expected to convict H. H. Holmes of murder. Chief of Police Badenoch is not particularly enthusiastic over the Little Rock end of the investigation. "Allen may be able to convict Holmes," said the chief, "but I do not regard it as certain." Attorney Capp declared that his statements regarding the convict had been exaggerated. "I am not certain this man can convict Holmes," he said. "I am hopeful however, and will go to Little Rock to investigate."

Holmes, not long ago, asserted that Hatch took the Pietzel children to Toronto in company with Minnie Williams, and that if he could be found he would clear up the mystery of their death. Detectives working on the case in the west have evidence that Hatch came west after the visit to Toronto, and was caught stealing horses in Arkansas.

Workmen began yesterday to saw away the cedar vat where it is said Holmes manufactured gas, to see if there is any connection between this vat and the big tank uncovered on Monday evening. Experiments with the fluid found in the bottom of the vat in the cellar of Holmes' house show that whenever mixed with benzine or kerosene it emitted a vapor so deadly that no human being could live in it. Whether or not Holmes used the vapor for suffocating his victims is not known, but the police are inclined to favor such a theory.

Holmes, when questioned by Chief of Police Badenoch, said he was hired by a man named Allen to go to Fort Worth, Tex. Quinlan had previously stated that he had no knowledge of any crime committed by Holmes, although he admitted that in Fort Worth he met and knew a man called Mascot. Now that Allen and Mascot are practically proven to be one and the same man, Quinlan's contradictory stories have placed him in a still worse light.

The police have discovered the means by which the mark of a woman's foot became printed on the inside of the vault door. While examining the oil under the microscope, the expert got some of the oil on his hand, and later placed two of his fingers on an iron plate in the laboratory. In a short time afterwards he noticed that the marks of his fingers were distinctly visible on the iron, and all efforts to rub it off were futile. A test of the acid oil was then made, but a finer test on this point is to be applied. The explanation of the footprint on the iron door is that one of his alleged victims in her struggles upset the bowl of oil and placed her foot in the liquid, which had run over the floor, and then in her struggles placed her foot against the door, leaving the tell-tale mark. In addition to the other tests, an effort will be made tomorrow to see if the vapor given off by the liquids will burn.

The police were to-day informed that at the time Holmes was first supposed to have left Chicago he did not go any further away than the stockyards district, where he kept a restaurant under the name of H. H. Howard. He employed a number of young women waitresses, and is said to have had a new force nearly every day. Among them were two girls who came from Wisconsin. A few nights after they began work the neighborhood was startled by female screams coming from the Howard restaurant. Several men ran to the building and were in time to meet the two girls as they ran out of the hall which led into the house. They were clad only in their night clothes, and it was some minutes before they could be quieted sufficiently to tell their story. They had been sleeping together, and had been awakened by a man who gained an entrance to their room, and who had placed a white cloth over their faces. The cloth was saturated with chloroform, they thought. Neighbors took the two girls in and cared for them, and before the police had an opportunity of arresting Howard he disappeared.

Harry Walker, of Greensburg, Ind., is now believed by his friends to have been a victim of Holmes. Walker, it is said, was induced by Holmes to have his life insured for $10,000 in favor of Holmes. He came to Chicago, and in November, 1893, wrote to friends that he was at work for Holmes. Suddenly his letters ceased, but search revealed no trace of him in Chicago.

Pat Quinlan was given a two hours' session in the sweat box to-day, but the result was unsatisfactory. He gives no evidence of weakening, and stubbornly sticks to his statement that he knows absolutely nothing of any killing. The police received word to-day of the mysterious hauling away from the Holmes house at night of several large boxes. They were taken from the "Castle" during Holmes' residence there, and several detectives were detailed on the new lead in the case.

Fort Worth, Tex., Aug. 1.—Allen, the Arkansas convict, who is so anxious to tell his connection with the murders, was at one time in the employ of Holmes in this city. Allen went by the name of Mascot in this city, and it is believed can tell a great deal about Holmes and his transactions. Allen was an ex-convict from the prison at Joliet. While Holmes, or Pratt, as he was known here, was living in this city he started to put up a large building. In view of the recent developments in Chicago, the authorities have made an investigation of the building, which leaves no room for doubt that he had planned it as a death trap. One room at the top of the house has twelve exits by which a person can escape. An enclosed chute runs down to the basement of the building, in which a body could be transferred without any one being the wiser. In the basement a large archway had been built over the sewer in such a way that he could easily put in a trap door opening into the sewer. Under the floor of the house was found a large pit, the intended use of which can only be conjectured. Holmes probably intended his building to be used as he afterwards used his house in Chicago.

Indianapolis, Aug 1.—"I think we'll have to wait until Holmes tells where to find Howard Pietzel. He knows and we cannot find out." So said Detective Geyer, who has been in town over a week, hunting a house supposed to have been rented by Holmes while he was here. So far the search has resulted in nothing, and now the detective says he has not the slightest clue to work on. He expects to be recalled to Philadelphia soon, and says if the body of Howard Pietzel is found it will be because Holmes weakens enough to inform the officers what disposition was made of him.

New York, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from Boston states that Holmes persuaded Mabel Barrett, an orphan 18 years of age, to come to that city in July, 1893, ostensibly to secure a situation. The Barrett girl went to Boston in answer to an advertisment for a companion, and was lured into a house of ill-repute, from which she was rescued by a charitable woman. Through an advertisement she became acquainted with one Minnie Williams, who is supposed to be the woman Holmes is accused of killing in Chicago. All trace of Mabel Barrett was lost after she left Boston.

Wichita, Kan., Aug. 1.—The British vice-consul at Kansas City has appointed an agent in this city to thoroughly investigate the career of Frank Pratt, whose criminal practices and adventures bear a striking resemblance to those of H. H. Holmes. It is believed by many here that Holmes and Pratt are identical.

Philadelphia ,Aug. 1.—Speaking of the disappearance of Mrs. Connor, Minnie Williams, the Pietzel children, B. F. Pietzel and Ed. Hatch, Holmes said: "Mrs. Connor I knew little of. She and her husband rented rooms from me. I believe she had trouble with her husband. She left my place. I had no interest in keeping track of her afterwards. The charge of murder is groundless. There could have been no motive for me to injure the woman. Minnie Williams, the poor girl, was my best friend. She was unfortunate in more ways than one. Only God knows where she is, as she is a fugitive from justice on account of the awful tragedy which resulted in the killing of her sister Nana. Here Holmes gave a graphic description of the killing of Nana Williams by her sister. He spoke of other troubles that Minnie became involved in in Indiana. He reiterated several times that the girl was his "best friend" and spoke of her in the most endearing terms. "As to the finding of the bodies in Toronto, I do not know that the bodies are those of the Pietzel children. As I have said before, they may or they may not be. I can prove at the proper time that they left my hands safely. I gave them into the charge of Ed Hatch. I never saw them again."

Greensburg, Ind., Aug. 2.—Facts have developed here which make the supposition very strong that Harry Walker, who mysteriously disappeared from here about two years ago, became another victim of H. H. Holmes. Walker was about 23 years old and a jeweler by trade. He first met Holmes in the Union station, Indianapolis. Holmes said he was a real estate dealer, had considerable property of his own in Chicago to look after, was desirous of employing a secretary and offered Mr. Walker a large salary to fill the position. Walker declined the position, but later was induced by Holmes to have his life insured for $15,000, who promised to pay all dues in case Walker died, and would give $10,000 of the money to his sister in Pennsylvania. Walker left shortly afterwards and went to Batesville, where he engaged in the jewelry business. He had not been there long, however, when he mysteriously disappeared. In about 10 days the proprietor of the hotel at which he boarded received the following letter:

"Chicago, Nov. 7, 1893.—Mr. Rolphes, Esq:—I am secretary for Holmes, who was down to see me the other day. He will pay me $10,000 a year, which is more than I could make in Batesville or Greenburg either. I will be down in a few days and settle. Yours, as ever, Harry Walker."

ELECTRICITY AT SEA.

The White Light is Proved to be the One Easiest and Best Seen.

Some interesting experiments have been made on the visibility of the electric light at sea by the governments of the United States, Germany and the Netherlands. The word "visible" in the report of the tests means visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere. The result of the experience of the German committee was that a white light of one candle power was visible 1.4 miles on a dark, clear night, and 1 mile on a rainy night. The American tests resulted as follows: In very clear weather a light of one candle power was plainly visible at one nautical mile; one of three candle power at two miles; one of ten candle power was seen by the aid of a binocular at four miles; one of 29 candle power, faintly at 5 miles, and one of 33 candle power plainly at 5 miles. On an exceptionally clear night a white light of 3.2 candle power was readily distinguished at 3 miles; one of 5.6 candle power at 4 miles and one of 17.2 candle power at 5 miles. In the Dutch experiments the results were almost similar, but a 16 candle power light was plainly visible at 5 miles. For a green light the power required was two for one mile, 15 for two miles, 51 for three miles, and 106 for four miles. The results of tests with a red light were almost identical with those of green, but it was conclusively proved that white light was by far the most easily seen.—Chicago Record.

—What causes bad dreams is a question that has never been satisfactorily answered; but, in nine cases out of ten, frightful dreams are the result of imperfect digestion, which a few doses of Ayer's Sarsaparillia will effectually remedy. Don't delay—try it to-day.

"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.

"We always fry ours in Cottolene."

Our Meat, Fish, Oysters, Saratoga Chips, Eggs, Doughnuts, Vegetables, etc.

Like most other people, our folks formerly used lard for all such purposes. When it disagreed with any of the family (which it often did) we said it was "too rich." We finally tried

Cottolene

and not one of us has had an attack of "richness" since. We further found that, unlike lard, Cottolene had no unpleasant odor when cooking, and lastly Mother's favorite and conservative cooking authority came out and gave it a big recommendation which clinched the matter. So that's why we always fry ours in Cottolene.

Sold in 3 and 5 lb. pails, by all grocers. Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Wellington and Ann Streets,
MONTREAL.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

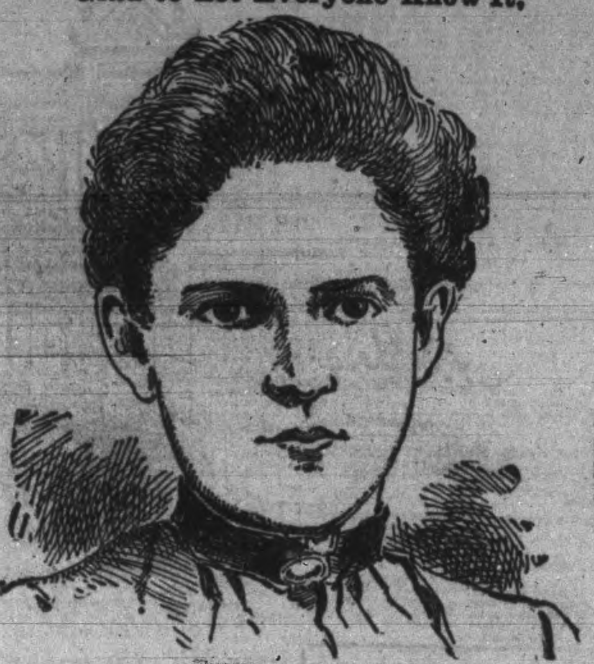
A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed 2c stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY. Detroit, Mich.

ICE

Tel. 44. B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Co

"I TELL ALL MY FRIENDS."

A Lady of Shelburne, Ont., Permanently Cured of Indigestion After Using Two Bottles of South American Nervine—Glad to Let Everyone Know It.



MRS. A. V. GALBRAITH.

With indigestion it is not only that one suffers all imaginable torments, physical and mental, but more, perhaps, than anything else, an impaired digestion is the forerunner of countless ailments that in their course lead to the most serious consequences. Let the stomach get out of order and it may be said the whole system is diseased. When the digestive organs fail in their important functional duties, head and heart, mind and body are sick. These were the feelings of Mrs. Galbraith, wife of Mr. A. V. Galbraith, the well-known jeweller of Shelburne, Ont., before she had learned of the beneficent results to be gained by the use of South American Nervine Tonic. In so many words she said: "Life was becoming unbearable. I was so cranky I was really ashamed of myself. Nothing that I ate would agree with me; now it does not matter what I eat. I take enjoyment out of all my meals." Here are Mrs. Galbraith's words of testimony to South American Nervine, given over her own signature:

"Shelburne, Ont., March 27, 1894:

"I was for considerable time a sufferer from indigestion, experiencing all the misery and annoyance so common to this complaint. South American Nervine was recommended to me as a safe and effective remedy for all such cases. I used only two bottles, and am pleased to testify that these fully cured me, and I have had no indication of a return of the trouble since. I never fail to recommend the Nervine to all my friends troubled with indigestion or nervousness.

"MRS. A. V. GALBRAITH."

The testimony of this lady, given freely and voluntarily out of a full heart because of the benefits she experienced in her own person, have an echo in thousands of hearts all over the country. South American Nervine must cure, because it operates at once on the nerve centres. These nerve centres are the source from which emanates the life fluid that keeps all organs of the body in proper repair. Keep these nerve centres sound and disease is unknown. There is no trick in the business. Everything is very simple and common sense like. South American Nervine strengthens the digestive organs, tones up the liver, enriches the blood, is peculiarly efficacious in building up shattered and nervous constitutions. It never fails to give relief in one day.

FOR SALE BY
Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned on behalf of the British Columbia Agricultural and Industrial Association up to 5 p.m. the 15th of August, 1895, for the following privileges during the week of the Exhibition, September 16th to 21st, inclusive of both dates:—

A. For the sole privilege of Dining Room and Kitchen.

B. For the sole privilege of Lunch Counter, with tea and coffee.

C. For the sole privilege of the sale of Soda Water, Ice Cream, Iced and Soft Drinks, Candy, Nuts and Fruits.

D. Cigar and Tobacco stand

All the foregoing are to be located on the Exhibition building grounds and are to be outside of the main building. No selling in main building allowed.

Tenderers to supply necessary booths or stands. Superintendent to allot space.

E. For the use of Bar and privileges in Jockey Club Grounds.

All tenders to be accompanied with a sum of not less than twenty per cent. of the amount offered. The balance to be paid on or before the 16th September, 1895. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. E. RENOUF,
Hon. Sec.

aug1-td

Alberni Farm for Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C., as No. 14576B in charge book Vol. 11, fol. 889, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than the 13th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the farming lands known as lot 15, Alberni District, containing 152 acres, more or less. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated 13th July, 1895.

LINDLEY CREASE,
Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for the Mortgagee.
jy13 1m

THE CORNER STONE OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS
ADVERTISING IN THE TIMES

Design Wanted.

The B. C. Board of Trade will pay $10.00 for the best rough sketch (original design) suitable for first page of cover for annual report of 1895. Designs will be received up to Saturday, August 3. Apply for further information to

F. ELWORTHY,
Secretary.

MADAME BUSHALL,

—AGENT FOR THE—

PATENT DAISY NEEDLE.

For making pin cushions, lambrequins for mantels, windows and pianos, banners, lamp mats, table and chair scarfs, sofa cushions, toilet sets, etc. Lessons given at Room No. 1, New York Hotel

July 10-1m.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129

JEWELERS, ETC.

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, $8.50.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

FOR SALE

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 59 Broad St.

WANTS.

WANTED—A girl who can do plain cooking, and is willing and tidy. None other need apply. Mrs. Templeman, No. 19 Gorge road. Call between 10 and 2, or in the evening. tf

WANTED—Cash customers to buy tools of all kinds. Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street.

WANTED HELP—Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write The World Med. Electric Co., P.O. Box 221, London, Ont., Canada. je17-3m-d&w

TO LET.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—for housekeeping or single; ten minutes from post office. 63 Superior street. July9-tf

TO LET—Nice Cottage, 5 rooms, bath, etc.; large lot; $6.50. also 3 four roomed cottages, $4, including water. Good place for chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clarke street, Spring Ridge. jy8-1m

TO LET.—Pretty cottage, five rooms and bath. Apply to Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. may27-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A pearl scarf-pin; letter "A" in diamonds. Finder please return to 129 Quadra street. j31-4t

MISCELLANEOUS

NOTICE is hereby given that the business heretofore carried on by Mr. E. W. McLean, at No. 152 Government street, known as the Oriental Tea Store, was this day purchased by Fong Pak Young, who will continue the said business. All debts due and owing by and to the said McLean up to date will be collected and paid by him. Victoria, 29th July, 1895.

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate; repayable either in straight sum or in easy monthly payments. Fire insurance solicited; rents and interest collected; houses and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

THE TIMES FOR SALE
At the following places in the City:
Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.
Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.
P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.
Braund & Co.,
No. 62 Government street.
R. Jamieson
Next to Post Office.

THE TIMES may be procured at above stores until a late hour each evening.

—The fruit season is in full swing and our fruit jars are selling well. Weller Bros.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

JULY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

The Times
PRINTING AND
TIMES
PUBLISHING CO

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

THE VOICE OF BEER.

It was said of a former Conservative victory in Britain that "Beer and the Bible did it," which was an irreverent way of stating that the victorious party had received the support of the church and the great liquor interest. That interest support was made even more manifest on the Conservative side in the recent election. The proposal for disestablishment in Wales aroused devoted "churchmen" to extra activity, and the local veto bill as thoroughly stirred up the brewers and distillers and their clientele. The degree to which they were excited is indicated by the issue of the following circular by Lord Burton, who climbed into the "upper house" by dint of "Bass's Pale":—

> Burton-on-Trent, July 9.
>
> Dear Sir,—Sir William Harcourt, the Radical leader in the House of Commons, has commenced his campaign by a violent attack on the trade (wholesale and retail) in fermented liquors.
>
> He places his unjust and confiscatory Local Veto Bill in the forefront of measures he desires to pass; he declares that "to this cause he is irrevocably pledged, and to it he will devote what remains to him of life," and he calls on the teetotal party to rally to the cause, and to show at the polls that their influence has not been over-rated.
>
> We know then what we have to expect should a Radical majority again be returned to Parliament—viz., a bill to destroy, without a vestige of compensation, the property of every licensed holder; a bill to render valueless the shares of every brewery in the kingdom; a bill to enable a small clique of fanatical ratepayers in any parish to interfere with the habits and social enjoyments of the working classes, and to dictate to them their mode of living.
>
> I appeal, then, to you, sir, as an Englishman, and as a lover of justice and fair dealing, to do all that in you lies, by your vote and influence during the coming elections, to promote the return to parliament of those, and those only, who will pledge themselves to use every effort to oppose such unjust and disastrous legislation. I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,
>
> BURTON.
> Chairman Bass, Ratcliff & Gretton, Ltd.

Many years ago the house of commons passed a resolution condemning the interference of peers in elections as "a high infringement of the liberties and privileges of the Commons of the United Kingdom." Since that time it has been a well recognized, though unwritten, rule of the constitution that peers should scrupulously abstain from interference in elections for the commons. So thoroughly is it regarded that the leaders of the two parties, Lord Rosebery and Lord Salisbury, cancelled several engagements for public meetings which they had made before dissolution was thought of. Lord Burton, however, was not so scrupulous, probably because his pocket was threatened to a small extent. It may be remembered that Lord Mount Stephen got himself into trouble by breaking through the rule at the previous general election, and that his offence was taken notice of in the commons. No penalty is attached to the offence, however, except the censure of the house, for which Lord Burton will perhaps care nothing. Then there is a big Tory majority in the commons, who may condone the "infringement of liberties and privileges" on the ground that the offence was committed in the cause of Toryism.

FRASER RIVER ROCK.

Mr. F. C. Gamble, resident engineer of the public works department, offers denial to the report mentioned in the Times as concerning improvements at the mouth of the Fraser. Though Mr. Gamble's statement has evidently been "embellished" by the man who reported it in the Colonist, we give it as it there appears, having no other object than to do justice in the premises:—

> Yesterday Mr. F. C. Gamble, resident engineer of the Dominion public works department, was shown the editorial which appeared in Wednesday's Times. In this article it was said: "There is a report circulated freely to the effect that rock used in sinking mattresses at the mouth of the Fraser river has been taken from a quarry which really belongs to the Dominion government, while private persons are being paid for it as ostensible owners of the quarry." Upon reading this "report" Mr. Gamble gave the whole thing an emphatic denial. "In the first place," he said, "the Dominion has never paid for any rock at all for this mattress work." Mr. Gamble went on to explain that up to three or four years ago the mattress work was done by contract, but even then the contractors were not paid one cent for rock. T. F. Sinclair, at one time contractor for the mattresses, filed, through his Westminster agents, on a quarter section of land on Pitt Lake, intending to take up the quarry from which the rock for the mattresses was taken. He filed on the wrong section, however. Mr. Gamble, knowing the value of the quarry to the government for the river improvements, advised that the quarry should be retained, and it still belongs to the government. For the past few years the mattresses have been laid by days' work under Mr. Gamble's supervision instead of by contract, and the rock has been taken from the government quarry. Consequently the "report" in the Times that "the country has been buying its own improvement material from speculative individuals who gained control of a quarry that is actually public property," is utterly false.

The Times knows of no reason for doubting the correctness of Mr. Gamble's statement. It seems necessary to refer to the fact that the report which we mentioned has for some time been in circulation, and it was time that its correctness or incorrectness should be established. Of course the Colonist takes occasion to make its usual impudent attack on the Times, and its customary attempt at misrepresentation, but the guttersnipe instincts of our neighbor are now so well understood by the public that no harm is likely to result—unless to itself.

GOLD AND SILVER.

To the Editor: Can you inform me when we are likely to get the judgment of the full court in the matter of the gold and silver in the Island Railway belt? It is some three months since the case was submitted, and meanwhile much presumably valuable mining property has been hung up during the working season. The principle involved is so plain and the precedents so many and clear that one would think the bench should have had no difficulty in arriving at a decision many days ago.

A WOULD-BE INVESTOR.

WATER WORKS CONTRACT.

To the Editor:—Will you be so kind as to give space to this communication, as it is in behalf of the workingmen of this city in particular. Having taken a look at this morning's paper I took notice of the hopeful and progressive outlook of the contractors at the water works at Beaver lake, and hearing so much previously, made a visit there, and I gathered up all the information available, as well as being an eye witness myself. The contract has been let to Messrs. Walkley, King & Casey after long debates, and, as I suppose, due considerations. However, I have my opinion as well as the city fathers and I shall express it. They may be all far-sighted men, no doubt, which in the near future will be revealed to the gentle and simple. I think that ere the work is completed they will regret not having it done by day labor. They could employ foremen who could get the work done right in Victoria, and the work would be done better and surely give satisfaction to the ratepayers, as the profits expected by the contractors would make a great improvement on Johnson street ravine. The workingmen would receive employment and therefore be enabled to pay their debts to the business men of this city, who are all ratepayers, and have a little balance on hand ere Santa Claus makes his annual trip amongst us. Instead of that they have to turn over another leaf in the ledger and begin out of the new, as the average workingmen could not work for Messrs. Walkely, King & Casey. They are not very big men themselves, but they procured big men for bossing the job. To an observer they would appear to be slave drivers in good standing with the contractors. The only way in which they hide this character is that they don't use the cat-'o-nine-tails or shoot anybody, thanks to the laws of our province. Of course they can't compel a man to work if he don't want to, but for the sake of his family and his own subsistence he naturally is compelled to work. There are not gold mines enough for us all, therefore we have to be contented with the all-wise ways of Providence and work for a living here or elsewhere. Therefore men go out to Beaver lake to work and earn, if possible, a few dollars anyhow; but they are not long there until they find out that it is quite impossible, as the average man cannot hold to the gait required, which is a sling trot with loaded as well as empty barrows. There are just twice as many men employed filling these barrows as there are wheeling them, as a hurry-up arrangement by the slave drivers. On Monday last there must have been more than 50 men on the cofferdam, as quoted in this morning's paper, but not since. On Tuesday there were 20 only; on Wednesday there were less than 10; on Thursday none. Now, this is as true as a spectator can put it. As soon as men could not keep up the sling trot they were handed a small piece of paper, with credit for some two hours marked on it, more three, and so on. So that very few could be registered as having a full day on the book. Of course there may be a few who can stand it a little longer than others by getting a change of work, etc., but all are not born to be rich, neither are all intended to be Samsons. The contractors will have to alter their system if they want to finish their contract, as slave driving is not allowed in British Columbia. Under the present system men are working for their board, which is nothing extra. Men claim to do as well for $2 per week in town. Having many years' experience myself in public works I took a walk out to Beaver lake to see if reports were true. I would recommend others to see for themselves and report. M. B. V.

Victoria, Aug. 2.

THE TOMB OF BURNS.

What woos the world to yonder shrine?
What sacred clay, what dust divine?
Was this some Master faultless-fine,
In whom we praise
The cunning of the jeweled line
And carven phrase?

A searcher of our source and goal,
A reader of God's secret scroll?
A Shakespeare, flashing o'er the whole
Of Man's domain
The splendor of his cloudless soul
And perfect brain?

Some Keats, to Grecian gods allied,
Clasping all beauty as his bride?
Some Shelly, soaring dim-descried
Above Time's throng,
And heavenward hurling wild and wide
His spear of song?

A lonely Wordsworth, from the crowd
Half hid in light, half veiled in cloud?
A sphere-born Milton, cold and proud,
In hallowing dews
Dipt, and with gorgeous ritual vowed
Unto the Muse?

Nay, none of these,—and little skilled
On heavenly heights to sing and build!
Thine, thine, O Earth, whose fields he tilled,
And thine alone,
Was he whose fiery heart lies stilled
'Neath yonder stone.

He came when poets had forgot
How rich and strange the human lot;
How warm the tints of Life; how hot
Are Love and Hate;
And what makes Truth divine and what
Makes Manhood great.

* * * * *

Singly he faced the bigot brood,
The meanly wise, the feebly good;
He pelted them with pearl, with mud;
He fought them well—
But ah, the stupid million stood,
And he—he fell!

All bright and glorious at the start,
'Twas his ignobly to depart,
Slain by his own too affluent heart,
Too generous blood;
And blindly, having lost Life's chart,
To meet Death's flood.

So closes the fantastic fray,
The duel of the spirit and clay!
So come bewildering disarray
And blurring gloom,
The irremediable day
And final doom.

* * * * *

No mystic torch through Time he bore,
No virgin veil from Life he tore;
His soul no bright insignia wore
Of starry birth;
He saw what all men see—no more—
In heaven and earth;

But as, when thunder crashes nigh,
All darkness opes one flaming eye,
And the world leaps against the sky,—
So fiery-clear
Did the old truths that we pass by
To him appear.

* * * * *

And though thrice statelier names decay,
His own can wither not away
While plighted lad and lass shall stray
Among the broom,
While evening touches glen and brae
With rosy gloom

While Hope and Love with Youth abide;
While Age sits at the ingleside;
While yet there have not wholly died
The heroic fires,
The patriot passion, and the pride
In noble sires.

While, with the conquering Saxon breed
Whose fair estate of speech and deed
Heritors north and south of Tweed
Alike may claim,
The dimly mingled Celtic seed
Flowers like a flame;

While nations see in holy trance
That vision of the world's advance
Which glorified his countenance
When from afar
He hailed the Hope that shot o'er France
Its crimson star;

While, plumed for flight, the Soul deplores
The cage that foils the wing that soars;
And while, through adamantine doors
In dreams flung wide,
We hear resound, on mortal shores,
The immortal tide.

—William Watson, in the Spectator.

—To feel buoyant and cheerful use Adams' Tutti Frutti after meals. It aids digestion wonderfully. Refuse imitations.

—Wire cloth for screen doors, meat safes, etc. Short's hardware.

H. Cuthbert & Co.
Real Estate, Furniture, Farm Stock and
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.
Specialties—Furniture and Real Estate Sales
Cattle Auction Twice a Month.

Seven years' experience in some of the largest cities in England, amongst the finest auctioneers in the world. Four years' experience here in Victoria, with a thorough practical knowledge of every branch of the business and of the values of every description of merchandise.

MONEY LOANED

on every class of chattels consigned for sale. We advise our clients, in their own interests, to sell their goods at auction, as they get the full market price; but when an auction is not desired

WE BUY FURNISHED HOUSES FOR CASH,

or any bankrupt stock to any amount, at a moment's notice. We give the same personal attention to small sales that we do to large auctions. We endeavor always to be courteous to those attending our sales and to study their convenience. We make settlements same day, if desired. Our premises are the best appointed, most central and convenient in the city, and have been specially adapted to their present purposes by ourselves at a large expense. Have you any auction or confidential business? Come and see us. We handled nearly $100,000 OF OUR CLIENTS' MONEY IN 1894—that is the test. Terms the same as any other auctioneer of standing.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers Abreast of the Times.

THE ROCKING CHAIR.

Said to be Beneficial in Cases of Dyspepsia.

"Critics of America," said a well known physician, "have poked fun at us for being a nation of rockers. Americans have been pictured as sixty millions of persons seated in sixty millions of rocking chairs—some of them cradles, of course. But now comes Dr. Laine, a French West India physician, who says it is good for us. He has been talking of what he calls 'the good effects the lullaby chair exercises on subjects affected with atony of the stomach.' Atony is want of tone.

"Laine says that a course of rocking chair after each meal, the oscillations being quiet and regular, 'stimulates gastro-intestinal peristaltism,' and that dyspeptics should take notice. The chair ought to be light, so that rocking requires no effort, and sufficiently inclined backward that the person may lie rather than sit in it. Physicians will agree that Dr. Laine has done Americans a real service. It has always been rather difficult to explain the national passion for the rocking chair, but now it is only too easy. Americans are the worst sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia in the world, but it now appears that we have instinctively rushed to what is now proved to be the best system of relief.

"The man who lunches on pie and then balances himself in a rocking chair is unconsciously doing his best to stimulate his gastro-intestinal peristaltism; he is practically singing a lullaby to his outraged and injured stomach, which is kept from crying aloud only by this method of soothing it. Behold in America a nation of invalids vainly endeavoring to rock themselves to sleep. Dr. Laine's theory is too good not to be true."

ELECTRICAL INVENTION.

A Lamp Devised That Will Burn for 600 Hours.

A lamp that will burn for 600 hours is the invention of George L. Roberts, an electrician, who sold to a tobacco company, for $80,000, the advertising rights of some of his electrical devices. The lamp of which Mr. Roberts is the inventor is charged with sand, into which two wires are run, which connect with one of the regulation bulbs used on all electrical chandeliers. The battery is therefore the sand, but the method of charging it remains a secret with Mr. Roberts. Mr. Edison, after seeing Mr. Roberts' lamp, remarked that he thought he knew all there was to be known about electricity, but Mr. Roberts had made a discovery which puzzled him greatly. Mr. Roberts presented Mr. Edison with some of this remarkable sand, but with no fear of having his secret discovered, for analyses happens in this case to kill all traces of the secret discovery. The cost of recharging each lamp is 17 cents. A friend of mine, who has a contract with Mr. Roberts, having bought from him the rights of one of his inventions, tells me he would not have believed the tale of the lamp, had he not seen Mr. Roberts throw a handful of sand into an ordinary tumbler, inserting two wires into the sand, and connecting the wires with an ordinary electric burner, which burned brilliantly.

Mr. Roberts made his discovery in Minneapolis in a purely accidently way. He was experimenting with acids in his laboratory and on the table was some sand, over which two wires had fallen and crossed themselves. By an accident a bottle containing a certain acid was overturned and some of the acid ran into the sand at the point where the wires crossed. The result was a series of electric sparks. At present Mr. Roberts is quite a sick man and is in Michigan for his health. Another of his inventions is to make 72 changes of color, in the hair, dress, tights, shoes, and so forth, of a dancer while she is in motion. The mechanism works by clockwork and the light gleams through the fabrics from a direct current. Mr. Roberts married a daughter of Pillsbury, the great Minneapolis miller.—The Telegram.

"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

Bird Bread

Will keep your songbirds healthy. For sale by

C. H. BOWES,

....Prescription Druggist,

100 Government street, next door to Hall & Goepel's office.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson. *

—"Bacilli" will be the subject of Dr. Ernest Hall's lecture before the Sir William Wallace Society this evening.

—The recent fete held on Mrs. Charles A. Vernon's grounds netted $204, which amount has been handed over to the treasurer of the P. O. Home.

—The officers of the navy yesterday raised a substantial sum for the fund for the proposed institution for the blind which Capt. Beck is endeavoring to have established.

—News was received yesterday by Mr. James Mitchell of the drowning of his son-in-law, Mr. Charles Cox, of the marine and fisheries department, at Gatineau Point, Ottawa.

—Hon. Mr. Speaker Higgins has issued his warrant to the registrar of the supreme court directing him to issue a writ for an election to fill the vacancy in Cowichan-Alberni district.

—The steam pump that supplies the higher levels with water will shut down at 9 o'clock Saturday night until 2 Monday morning. Residents on the hill will guard against a drouth by drawing off a supply in the meantime.

—The amount realized by the sale of tickets for the Aberdeen reception deficit concert was $891.65. The expenses in connection with the concert amounted to $121, so that when the deficit of $727.65 was paid there was a balance of $43.

—The first consignment of butter from the Delta creamery company has been received by Messrs. M. & L. Young of the New England hotel. The butter comes packed in neat ice chests containing one hundred pounds each.

—The ladies of the Homer street Methodist church, Vancouver, have arranged for an excursion to Victoria on Thursday next. The steamer City of Nanaimo will run to Sidney, where a train will be in waiting for those who wish to come to the city.

—Mr. W. Moresby, who recently resigned the position of governor of the provincial jail at New Westminster to take charge of the Dominion penitentiary, was a few days ago presented with an address, a cane and a chair by the employees of the jail. Mr. Moresby has taken up the duties of his new office.

—There was a very large attendance at the funeral of the late Samuel Gray, which took place yesterday from the residence of his son, E. J. Gray, Douglas street. Rev. J. F. Betts conducted the services at the Centennial Methodist church and the cemetery. The pall bearers were Messrs. N. Shakespeare, John Teague, David Spencer, M. Humber, J. McConnell and F. Ray.

—The following delegates have been elected to represent Victoria at the provincial convention of the W. C. T. U., to be held at Nanaimo from August 17th to 20th: Mrs. Teague, Mrs. Pendray, Mrs. Humber, Mrs. Flett, Mrs. Crowther, Mrs. (Dr.) Foot, Mrs. McDermid, Mrs. Clyde, Mrs. Pickard, Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Burkholder, Mrs. (Capt.) Grant, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Cox and Mrs. Chapman; with alternates, Mrs. (Rev.) Tait, Mrs. (Senator) McInnes, Mrs. Siddall, Mrs. Cleaver, Mrs. (Dr.) Ernest Hall, Mrs. (Dr.) Lewis Hall, Mrs. Ward, Mrs. Russell and Miss Smith.

—A serious fight occurred early Sunday morning on the bark Thermopylae of this port, now lying at Port Townsend. The men were called out to heave the anchor, the vessel being ready to proceed on her voyage to the United Kingdom. One of the men, Cunningham, who had been drinking the night before, did not do his work to please the second mate, E. S. Cook. The second mate called on the first mate, and the two were proceeding to force Cunningham to do his work, when the latter drew his knife and stabbed the second mate twice. It is feared that one of the wounds may prove fatal. Cunningham was handed over to the authorities by the British vice-consul.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society meets to-night.

—Have you seen the Rambler at Weiler Bros? One of the nicest machines made, and is gaining much popularity. *

—The Western Loan and Trust Company of Winnipeg has been incorporated under the acts of British Columbia.

—The Nanaimo Equitable Pioneer society of Nanaimo and Robert Shortreed, of New Westminster district, have assigned.

—First-class Monuments, Headstones and Cemetery Coping at very low prices at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets. *

—Regulations for homesteading Dominion railway lands in New Westminster district are published in yesterday's Gazette.

—We have a line of Japanese drapery materials, very pretty effects, and suitable for drapes, curtains and cushion coverings. Weiler Bros. *

—It is likely that H. M. S. Royal Arthur will go up to Vancouver about the middle of the month and bring the Governor-General and party over.

—Vancouver Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F., will meet on Tuesday next. All members entitled to receive the third degree are requested to be present, as only the third degree will be given.

—A somewhat remarkable happening is reported from the dry belt above and below Kamloops. Rain fell heavily on Tuesday in that section for four hours, doing an immense amount of good.

—It was reported to-day that summonses would be issued this afternoon against three men who, it is alleged, are illegally in possession of a certain mining claim situate on Wolfe Creek, near Leech river.

—Robert Kilpatrick and Miss Williams, of Wellington, were married at the Centennial Methodist church by Rev. J. F. Betts. They took the steamer City of Puebla last evening for San Francisco, where they will spend a few weeks.

—The steamer City of Puebla was an hour late in leaving for San Francisco last evening. She took on 450 tons of gunny sacks ex steamship Evandale from the Orient. She also had a full list of passengers, there being 30 from Victoria.

—Notice is given in the Gazette that the lieutenant-governor in council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to Secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance" from the 1st day of August, 1895, to the 1st day of October, 1895.

—A stoker named Standish, belonging to H. M. S. Wild Swan, met with a somewhat painful accident on the navy coal wharf this morning. He was working around the coal sheds and slipped and fell on a broken bottle, cutting his left hand very severely. He was taken aboard his ship and the doctor dressed the wound.

—Word has been received from Barkerville to the effect that Mr. F. C. Laird, who along with Mr. Charles Law owns a claim near Barkerville, has been seriously hurt. Laird left to drive to Willow Creek and was found afterwards about half a mile from home in an unconscious condition. He did not recover consciousness for a considerable time after, and it is feared that he may not recover.

—Josef Mueller and his company appeared in Institute hall last evening before a very small audience. A few remained until the close of the performance. Reo Barrington, a precocious little miss of 15, is an exceptionally clever girl, and, provided she receives the proper training, should be heard of later in theatrical circles. The Big Four, Mr. F. Sehl and Mr. C. Rowlands assisted at the performance.

—J. C. Blackett, who has just returned from a trip to Leach river, states that a large number of men are at work on both the Leach and San Juan rivers, and their tributaries, and the scene reminds one of the days of long ago when the Leech river for miles was one great mining camp. Quite a number of potholes are being worked, and in the hills some quartz ledges have been found, which show gold in considerable quantities.

—An attractive musical programme has been prepared for the open air concert which is to be held this evening at the residence of Hon. D. M. Eberts on Victoria Arm, under the patronage of Lieut.-Governor Dewdney. Large busses will leave the Transfer Company's stables at 8 o'clock and the Douglas street fountain 15 minutes later. One cannot imagine a more delightful spot for such an affair, and as the evenings are at this time most balmy and the moon nearly full the concert should prove most enjoyable. A row on the Arm may be indulged in and will no doubt be taken advantage of by many. The admission to the grounds is but 25 cents.

—The certificate of incorporation of the Columbia Hydraulic Mining Company is published in the Gazette. The object of the company, the head offices of which are at Chicago, is to engage in, operate and manage the business of mining, milling, smelting and refining ores, metals, and minerals, to buy, sell, and deal in ores, metals and minerals of all kinds; and to acquire so much real and personal property as may be necessary to carry out the above objects; said objects and business to be carried out, conducted and performed in the state of Illinois, in the province of British Columbia, Canada, and elsewhere. The capital stock of the said company is one hundred thousand dollars, divided into ten thousand shares of ten dollars each.

ONLY 9 DAYS MORE FOR

$3.00 Cabinets

SKENE LOWE, Photo., 63 Gov't St.

—A loaded barkentine, two four-masted schooners and a bark passed up the straits this morning.

—The steamer Barbara Boscowitz will resume her trips to the north next week, leaving here on the first trip on Tuesday evening.

—A very handsome painting of Broadmead, R. P. Rithet's thoroughbred stallion, is on view in Hibben's. It is by H. Hardy Simpson.

—Two drunks and a couple of thistle cases were heard by the police magistrate this morning, they being dealt with in the usual way.

—The pound committee are considering charges against the poundkeeper regarding the killing of dogs on Sundays. They will report to the council on Monday night.

—A thirty-foot naphtha launch arrived yesterday from Tacoma. She is owned by Mr. Thorne and is for the use of a party of Tacomans who are staying at the Mount Baker hotel.

—A large party, known as the Slater party, who are touring the world on the large steel screw yacht Eleanor, are on their way to Victoria. The members of the party are coming up overland to join the yacht, which is coming up the coast. They expect to go from here to Alaska.

—A bluejacket from one of her majesty's ships spent last night in the city lockup. He was charged with stealing a lantern from the sewerage works, the arrest being made by Officer John Smith. In the police court the man stated that he had taken down the lantern to light his pipe, which he was doing when the officer arrested him. The magistrate dismissed the case.

"Creme de la Creme" (Reina Victoria Extra) Cigars, 10c.

—Yesterday a man named Barrons swore out an information charging Harry Simpson with assault. The prosecutor was not present when the case was called, and it was said that he wished to drop it. Magistrate Macrae said the court could not be used in this way and adjourned the case until to-morrow. Shortly arterwards Barrons appeared when he was given a severe lecture and ordered to pay $2, the costs of the court. The case will come up to-morrow.

—Prof. Bradley has been duly elected honorary secretary and local representative of the London Victoria College of Music, a high class institution granting diplomas and certificates to musical students for theoretical and practical knowledge. Examinations will take place two or three times during the year. It is gratifying to know that some of our leading musicians are in touch with musical authorities in the old country.

—An alarm from box 41 called the fire department out to Tolmie avenue shortly before noon to-day. The fire started in a lot of brush on Dr. Garrow's property and was spreading towards a number of houses. About 800 feet of hose was laid and the fire was soon under control. Chief Deasy suggests that hereafter alarms for grass and bush fires be sent in by telephone, thereby saving the inconvenience of all the apparatus being sent out. To-day's run was a long one, and had a fire occurred in town about the same time the department would have been heavily handicapped.

—A company, composed principally of Oregonians, who have been engaged in the cannery business on the Columbia river, have started a salmon cannery at Port Angeles and will commence operations in a few days. They will fish in the straits, for which purpose they have had several large nets made. One of the nets is a mile long. A steamer will tow the boats out and will also take scows, on to which the nets will be emptied. The gentlemen interested are all experienced men, and having thoroughly investigated the matter, believe that they have a good thing. Mr. J. W. Griffiths, formerly of this city, who is interested, was here a few days ago interviewing Dominion government officials as to whether the company may fish in Canadian waters. It is understood that the answer was a satisfactory one.

We Credit Everybody

with good judgment in coming to our "Mark Down Sale," where you can get goods at your own price. Partridge, 86 Yates street. *

"La Fayette" (Reina Victoria Cigars, 5c.

—Work has been commenced on the sewers for the parliament buildings. Two gangs have been put to work, one on Menzies street under J. G. Brown, and one on Belleville street under Foreman Pasco. This, with the work on Pandora, Yates and Fort streets, will nearly absorb the balance of the $100,000 borrowed for sewerage purposes last year, with the exception of a sum being kept back for the Coughlan & Mayo claim and legal expenses connected therewith. There is, however, between $10,000 and $15,000 due from property owners up to whose premises the city laid branch or connecting sewers. This will not be done on the work now being carried out, but property owners will have to run pipes right out to the main sewer. The city's estimate for the work on Yates, Pandora and Fort streets was a little high, so there will be a small balance from that.

LOW RENT.
LOW PRICES.
NICE STORE.
NICE GROCERIES.

A very large assortment of Christie's Biscuits just arrived.

HARDRESS CLARKE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

STYLISH,

of course, from head to foot; that's the only way to be. You might as well be out of the world as out of style. A man must look prosperous to be so. Look solid with yourself and the world in general by calling on us for the requisites of an up-to-date appearance. Come along and we'll arm you, cap-a-pie, with the latest ideas in caps and furnishings. Here are collars of the correct height and shape; the very cuffs of fashion; the most tasteful neckwear of the season; and a full line of the latest colored and negligee shirts, etc., at lowest cash prices.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

Telegraph Hotel To Let.

The new hotel on Store street known as the Telegraph Hotel, containing over 45 rooms and all modern conveniences. For particulars apply to Mrs. Astrico, 252 Yates street. jy17-1m.

REPAIRS! REPAIRS!

Alterations, store and office fittings, carpenter work in all its branches. Weather strips for doors and windows.

J. P. BURGESS.

MEDIUM.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. Dr. Mearchant. She gives valuable information on all business; can talk with your spirit friends, and for uniting the separated has no equal. Call and be convinced of her wonderful spirit power. Room No. 1, New York Hotel. jl4-1m

A LOCAL DETECTIVE.

He Receives a Crushing Defeat in His First Case.

A well planned little detective scheme, that would have done credit to the hero of a dime novel, received a crushing blow in the police court this morning. For some days past Artra Ambelo, an Italian, as his name implies, has been confined in the city lockup, the charge against him being till tapping. His case was remanded several times to give the prosecutor, the proprietor of the Maryland restaurant, and his staff of amateur detectives an opportunity to make complete that chain of evidence that was to send Ambelo out to the Hotel Johns for a few months. But in spite of their efforts the chain would not complete. Ambelo was the chef, waiter, cashier and general manager of the Maryland during the hours that intervene between twilight and early morning. The proprietor suspected that he was not receiving all the cash that came over the counter during Ambelo's watch, and having a friend that was ambitious to become a detective, he employed him. The budding detective was given a position on the roof of the restaurant with a peep hole through which he could watch each and every customer that came in and the price of the meal that was cooked for him. Here he spent six long and chilly nights, coming down each morning, after Ambelo had left for home, to report to the proprietor. It was found that the amount of cash in the till did not tally with the amount that should have been there had Ambelo placed in the till all that each customer should have paid. The difference in the amounts varied, the highest being $2.85, and with stealing this Ambelo was charged. The "detective" had also so neatly noted in his pocket book the difference he had found in the totals on the other mornings of the week, and he was prepared to swear out any number of informations against the unfortunate Ambelo. But Ambelo only smiled during the three days that the trial lasted, for he knew that he had a statement ready that would crush his enemies. At last his chance came: "I givva de man alla de mon' I get. Some de hobo come in, he gotta no mon', he saya he pay next time."

This statement, combined with the fact that the evidence for the prosecution was very meagre, led to the dismissal of the case and the hopes of the ambitious young detective were shattered.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Suit of Coughlan & Mayo Being Heard To-day.

The trial of Coughlan & Mayo v. the Corporation of the City of Victoria was commenced before Mr. Justice Drake this morning. The plaintiffs sue for a balance of some $9000, alleged to be due them on their two sewerage contracts. As a part of the said contracts, a schedule of rates to be paid for excavation was attached, but the said schedule was so worded as only to give a price for excavation in trenches composed entirely of one class of materials. No price was provided in the schedule for work done upon a trench which required the excavation of material composed partly of earth and partly of rock. Several of the trenches, or, in fact, all of them, were part of earth and part of rock, and the plaintiffs sue on a quantum meruit for what they claim is reasonable. The city contends that the sewerage commissioners settled the question. Mr. E. V. Bodwell appears for the plaintiffs and Mr. J. W. Taylor for the defendants.

ROWBOTHAM INQUEST.

Deceased Left Letters to Friends—The Verdict.

A coroner's jury to-day, without retiring, gave a verdict to the effect that A. J. Rowbotham came to his death by hanging at his own hands. The inquest was a very short one and did not bring out anything new in connection with his case. His little boy saw him leave the house about six o'clock in the morning and he was not seen again until his body was found, as already described.

The deceased had evidently decided to commit suicide at least the day before he did so, as two letters found in his pocket were written on Hotel Wilson letter paper. Rowbotham was a good chess player and he used to go to the chess club rooms to watch the games. It was evidently here that he wrote the letters. They bore no date and were written in pencil. One was addressed to Mr. D. Spencer and the other to Mr. L. Banman. They were very much the same. In the letter to Mr. Banman he said: "I can stand it no longer. My mental and physical sufferings are more than I can stand. It must come to this sooner or later. I cannot make a living for those I love and will not be a burden to them any longer. I have been too heavily handicapped in the race of life. Broken in health, spirits and pocket—I resign. Say good-bye to my friends. I leave those who robbed me to their conscience, if they have any."

He asked Mr. Banman to look after his wife and child, asked forgiveness for any wrong he had done and closed by referring to private matters.

SIR ARTHUR HALIBURTON.

The Son of "Sam Slick" in British Official Life.

Sir Arthur Haliburton, who has been appointed to the vacant office of permanent under secretary for war, from which Sir Ralph Thompson has retired under the age clause, will receive the largest war office salary—£2,000 a year—next to that drawn by the secretary of state for war. The circumstance is not of so much account to Sir Arthur Haliburton, who is a son of the famous Judge Haliburton, author of "Sam Slick," and who married a daughter of the late Mr. Leo Schuster. Permanent officials who depend wholly on their salaries do not as a rule live in Lowndes Square, but Sir Arthur Haliburton has a beautiful house there, stored with pictures and countless other art treasures picked up by Lady Haliburton and himself during their wanderings. This house was once the residence of Vice-Chancellor Malins. The new permanent undersecretary is a tall, aristocratic-looking man of sixty-three, with grey hair, worn rather long, a florid complexion, and dark eyes. He was called to the Canadian bar in his early days, but a post in the commissariat that came his way was more to his liking, and in connection with that he had to organize the supply and transport service for all the little wars in Zululand and Egypt during the ten years from 1878 to 1888. The post he held was abolished when the duties attached to it were handed over to the quartermaster-general, but on the office of assistant under-secretary of state becoming vacant at the death of Col. Deede he succeeded to the war office, which he has since held.—London Standard

"Sonadora" Cigars, 15c., or 2 for 25c

—To-morrow evening the public will again have the pleasure of hearing the battalion band in Beacon Hill park.

—The police commissioners have not yet made an appointment to fill the vacancy on the force. No meeting was contemplated to-day.

DONE TO DEATH.

An Incident Illustrating the Character of Spanish Rule in Cuba.

Eight Youths Who Were Officially Murdered on a False Charge of Treason.

In the Colon cemetery at Havana stands a monument that commemorates a wonderful crime—a crime no less because it was done in the name of the law.

This monument bears the names of eight Cuban youths who are held in as affectionate remembrance by their compatriots as their murderers are in abhorrence. The crime for which these boys died was—that one of them plucked a flower.

On the afternoon of the 25th of November, 1871, the medical students of the university of San Dionisio, just outside the walls of the city, were busily engaged at their studies when they received a call from the then military governor of the city, Don Dionisio Lopez Roberts.

Taking the chair of the professor, the governor demanded to know what students had been concerned in an alleged occurrence in the adjacent cemetery on the previous Wednesday, during which, it was claimed, the grave of one Gonzalo Castonon had been desecrated.

This was during the time of the insurrection, and Castanon, then recently dead, was a Spaniard who had been especially obnoxious to the native Cubans, and had finally met his death at their hands in Key West.

The students denied any knowledge of the matter. The governor became angry, and threatened the entire class with the most severe punishment. Further questioning revealed the fact that some of the students had been in the cemetery at the time regarding which the complaint was made, and had perhaps, indulged in some boyish pranks. One, Alonzo Alvarez de la Campa, the youngest of them all, a mere boy sixteen years of age, had the hardihood to acknowledged that he had plucked a flower from the tomb.

The uttermost offence which was at this time alleged was that a glass which covered Castanon's portrait upon the tomb had been scratched by a diamond. But these were troublous times, and the report was passed from mouth to mouth, and grew as it ran. Whether Roberts knew how slight a basis it had cannot now be told; certainly it was then within his power to inform himself, had he so desired. He appears, however, to have had no wish to arrive at the truth, but rather to make capital for himself from its exaggeration. The entire class, forty-five in number, were summarily arrested without further parley and marched like common criminals through the city, along the Prado, to the jail, which stands at its farther end, opposite Morro castle and the harbor entrance.

The news of the arrest of the students and the nature of the crime with which they were charged spread throughout the city like wildfire and created the most intense excitement among all classes; but with a widely different effect in different circles. The Cuban element was thrown into the utmost consternation. If not all active participators in or supporters of the revolution, they were ardent sympathizers with it. The presence of a large force of Spanish soldiery in Havana and the fact that it was the headquarters of the government had been sufficient to prevent many overt acts of hostility; but the feelings between the Cubans and the Spaniards was very bitter, and particularly so on the part of the volunteer army against the Cubans of the upper classes. The students who had been arrested were the very flower of the youth of the city. The opportunity for wreaking their hatred was one that the volunteers and the mob would not let pass. The government was weak, and dominated by the army.

The captain-general, Balmaceda, was absent in the field, directing the operations of the army against the insurgents, who were just then especially active in the eastern portion of the island. He was a man of proven sanguinary character, showing little mercy to the rebels when taken in open opposition to the government, yet it is believed that had he been in Havana he would have had the strength and prudence to arrest this agitation at the outset, and thus prevent the dire results that now followed in such rapid order.

The lieutenant-governor was the General Crespo Quintana, a native Cuban, who might have been expected to hold some sympathy with his oppressed countrymen. Indeed, it is not impossible that he did so; but his character may be sufficiently shown by the fact that he had earned not long before, and most deservedly, upon the field of battle the title of "the man of straw." He was weak, vacillating, a coward—more anxious to remain in favor with the volunteers than to administer justice impartially.

The character of Lopez Roberts has already been sufficiently shown by his action at the university of Don Dionisio.

What formal complaint was made against the unfortunate students after their arrest and confinement in the carcel cannot be ascertained. It is, perhaps, well for Spain that the proceedings of that foul night have been blotted from its annals. From what followed we can only guess that the charge was treason, for upon no lesser charge could the government have predicated the crime which it was about to enact.

During the night following the arrest some pretence of examination into the facts and circumstances of the alleged outrage was made. During the next morning the matter remained somewhat in abeyance, with a growing clamor on the part of the mob for speedy action, and a growing fear for the result upon the part of the Cubans, particularly among the families of the boys who were in jeopardy.

In the afternoon a military court was convened in the palace of the captain-general. Here the offenders were brought and ostensibly placed on trial. But in the Plaza de Armas, upon which the palace fronts, in the Calle de Obispo, the Calle de Mercaderes, and all the streets roundabout, another court had gathered—a court in numbers and in power far outweighing that which was sitting within the palace walls—and to which the latter in truth must submit a finding that would be satisfactory, or its verdict would be overruled.

By what evidence, by what process of reasoning, by what perversion of legal and judicial measure I know not, a verdict was quickly reached which placated the mob. Eight of the boys were condemned to death.

This finding was reached and proclaimed shortly after noon of the second day following the arrest. The scenes about the city during the second night were such as would have befitted the French revolution. There was such riot and wantonness as we can scarcely credit having prevailed at so late a day in any civilized land.

After five o'clock on the same afternoon the eight boys were shot to death. They were literally flung to the mob to appease its thirst for blood. No sickly sentimentality was allowed to prevail; no time for conference with friends; no time for loving kindred to assuage in any measure the horror of this strange and awful doom.

At five o'clock they were led out from the jail and made to kneel down, a little way apart, before the low wall that fronts the harbor. Directly in front of them, across the narrow strip of water, were the grey walls of Morro castle. A little further out stretched the blue waters of the gulf. It would be difficult to find a fairer scene.

The boys knelt, with their backs to the square in which the firing squad had formed. As the command to fire was given, one of the eight rose, faced about, and received the charge in his breast. This was the youngest of them all, the lad whom I have already named. Where the eight names are engraved upon the marble shaft, his leads all the rest.

Summer Showers

Are hard on your cloth
But if you use

Fibre Chamois

as an interlining you will find that once dry it is as stiff and uncrushable as ever: so that the incidental wettings of a season can't injure the flare and style of your jauntiest gowns. Find the red label with the name and number on every yard, as inferior imitations of the Genuine Fibre Chamois are plentiful. No. 10 is the light weight, No. 20 the medium, No. 30 the heavy.

In Black, Brown, Slate and Cream.
All Fast Colors.

CORROSION OF ALUMINUM.

The Metal Does Not Stand the Weather as Well as Was Thought.

In order to ascertain the effects of the weather upon ordinary sheet aluminum, Prof. A. Liversidge has had two shallow dishes made of one twenty-fifth of an inch gage metal, of the best commercial quality, and exposed on the roof of the laboratory, University of Sydney, from Nov. 23, 1893, to December 7, 1984, or 54 weeks. The metal was made into basins so as to catch rain water, and to give the salts, etc., which it might hold in solution, an opportunity to act upon the metal. The metal soon lost its brilliancy and became somewhat rough and speckled with large light gray patches; it also became rough to the feel, the gray parts could be seen to distinctly project above the surface, and under the microscope they possessed a blistered appearance. This incrustation is held tenaciously, and does not wash off, neither is it removed on rubbing with a cloth. The raised parts are considered due to the formation of a hydrated oxide. Contrary to expectations, the cups had not lost weight, but had even increased. One weighing 13.91 grm. had increased by 0.104 grm., and the other, weighing 13.865 grm., increased by 0.080 grm. After boiling in water for some hours, and rubbing, the first still showed an increase of 0.77 grm. and the second of 0.055 grm. To ascertain the effect of common salt, a plate of the same metal, 3 by 4 inches, and weighing 19.829 grm., was repeatedly dipped in a solution of sodium chloride and allowed to dry for three months; this lost 0.019 grm., and after washing and rubbing dry, 0.59.

One reason for making these experiments is that Mr. H. C. Russell, F. R. S., the government astronomer, some years ago tried aluminum cups for a rain gage, but found that they were so quickly corroded through that he had to relinquish the use of the metal (if they had been gilt they might, however, have answered well enough). It is a very common thing to see aluminum recommended on account of its lightness and assumed permanent lustre; this assumption being due to the statements repeated from book to book, that aluminum is unaltered by exposure to the air, to the action of water, hydrogen sulphide, and only slightly by dilute acids. The absolutely pure metal may be permanent in the air, but the best aluminum ordinarily attainable is, in this respect (in Professor Liversidge's opinion), little, if at all, superior to zinc. The commercial metal does not retain its lustre, but very rapidly acquires the appearance of old zinc. Recently it has also been found that aluminum is acted upon by sea water. Hence the claim, often advanced, that aluminum is a metal resembling gold and silver in the property of not oxidizing, rests upon the very slenderest foundation.—The Optician.

Now see that your blood is pure. Good health follows the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the one great blood purifier.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WHILE EXERCISING

use ADAMS'

TUTTI FRUTTI

It moistens the throat, allays thirst and aids digestion.

Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.
See that "Tutti Frutti" is on each wrapper.
Refuse Imitations.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line, Sardinian	August 17
Allan Line, Laurentian	August 24
Dominion Line, Mariposa	August 17
Dominion Line, Labrador	August 24
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	August 14
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	August 28

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Lucania	August 17
Cunard Line, Etruria	August 24
American Line, Berlin	August 14
American Line, New York	August 21
White Star Line, Britannic	August 14
White Star Line, Majestic	August 21
Red Star Line, Berlin	August 14
Red Star Line, Westernland	August 21
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	August 13
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Neckar	August 15
Anchor Line, Furnessia	August 17
Anchor Line, Circassia	August 24
Allan State Line, State of Nebraska	" 17
Allan State Line, State of California	" 31

For rates and full information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria ....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

O. R. & N. SS. LINE.

JAPAN and CHINA.

SS. "ASLOUN"

Due .. .. 22nd July
For Portland, Oregon.

Cargo booked for Honolulu.

For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
Agents.
je14-tf

TRANSPORTATION.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

..TO..

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York. Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

..ALSO TO..

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight Run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains.

...The Grandest Scenery...
IN AMERICA.

SUPERB BUFFET, ELEGANT DINING, PALACE SLEEPING AND COSY TOURIST CARS.

The magnificent twin steamships NORTHWEST and NORTHLAND leave Duluth every Monday and Friday for the "Soo," Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, in connection with the Great Northern Railway. Have your tickets read via Northern Steamship Company, and enjoy a delightful ride, free from heat and dust.

For tickets, etc., see
H. MARTIN,
75 Government Street.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To
St. Paul,
Minneapolis,
Duluth,
Fargo,
Grand Forks
Cookston,
Winnipeg,
Helena and
Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1147
8 30 pm	Lv	Mi	..*Victoria..	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle...	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	..*Tacoma..	Mi	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
*Daily except Monday
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO.
ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY.

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 31st, 1895, at 2 p.m.
For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Aug. 22, at 8 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
WEBSTER,
District Agent.
R. E. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.
7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through; arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

North Bound, Read Down No. 2 Pass. Daily.	North Bound, Read Down No. 4 Pass. Sat. Su.	M'ls V'a	STATIONS.	M'ls W'l	South Bound, Read Up. No. 1 Pass. Daily.	South Bound, Read Up. No. 3 Pass. Sat. Su.
De. 8.00 am	De. 4.50 pm		Victoria	78	Ar 12.30 pm	Ar. 8.30 pm
" 8.04	" 4.55	1	Russell's	77	" 12.16	" 8.25
" 8.14	" 5.03	4	Esquimalt	74	" 12.06	" 8.18
" 8.17	" 5.06	5	Stewart's	73	" 12.03	" 8.15
" 8.20	" 5.09	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 12.00	" 8.12
" 8.27	" 5.15	8	Langford	70	" 11.53	" 8.06
" 8.37	" 5.24	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.43	" 7.57
" 9.05	" 5.52	20	Summit Siding	58	" 11.15	" 7.30
" 9.30	" 6.14	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.50	" 7.10
" 9.40	" 6.22	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.40	" 7.02
" 9.55	" 6.31	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.25	" 6.53
" 10.05	" 6.38	38	Koksilah	40	" 10.15	" 6.46
" 10.10	" 6.42	40	Duncan's	38	" 10.10	" 6.42
" 10.20	" 6.47	43	Somenos	35	" 10.00	" 6.35
" 10.27	" 6.58	47	Westholme	31	" 9.53	" 6.26
" 10.42	" 7.08	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.38	" 6.15
" 11.00	" 7.26	58	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.20	" 5.57
" 11.09	" 7.35	62	Oyster Bay	16	" 9.11	" 5.48
" 11.40	" 8.06	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.40	" 5.15
Ar 12.00 n'n	Ar 8.25	78	Wellington		De. 8.30 am	5.05 De. pm

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

..TO..

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City
Toronto,
Chicago &
Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.
WALLA WALLA, - - AUG. 6
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

AT COST! STRAW HATS BOATING AND TENNIS SUITS B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PORT HAMMOND.

Port Hammond, July 31.—The weather is very warm and smoky. The farmers are nearly through haying, which is an excellent crop in this neighborhood.

We notice that three out of four applicants for teachers' certificates (at the late examination held in Vancouver) from Mr. S. Murray's school, Maple Ridge, have acquitted themselves most favorably. These are Peter D. McTavish and the Misses Trembath. This speaks volumes for Mr. Murray, whose school has always been to the fore.

The provincial grand master of the Canadian Order of Odd Fellows, Bro. James Tagg, of Victoria, will pay an official visit to Loyal Fraser Valley lodge No. 9, at Port Hammond, on Saturday, August 3rd. A grand time is expected, as a large delegation from Chilliwack lodge will be present.

We are pleased to be able to announce that Mr. A. L. Lazenby, who has been dangerously ill with typhoid fever, is progressing satisfactorily, although it will be some time yet before he is able to be round again.

DR. ALLAN GRIFFITHS.

The Lecturer on Theosophy Will Talk on "Suicide" To-night.

Dr. Allan Griffiths, Pacific Coast lecturer on Theosophy, is again in Victoria for the purpose of lecturing under the auspices of the Kshanti branch of the society, located in this city. The doctor recently returned from an eastern lecturing trip and attendance upon the annual convention of Theosophists of America. He lectured in Boston, New York, Brooklyn, Chicago and other cities to large audiences.

He says that the theosophical movement of this time is identical in objects with those of previous past centuries, and that all were started and conducted by adepts, who are the Elder Brothers of our race and the real teachers of mankind. The present movement has proven equally as successful as the past attempts. The main object of the present effort, Dr. Griffiths says, is to elevate the thought of the time out of the ruts of theological dogmatism and crass materialism, the combined influence of which tend to check human progress and reproduce the horrors of the dark ages.

"Suicide and its consequences," will be the subject of Dr. Griffiths' lecture to-night in Theosophical hall, 28 Broad street. On Sunday night he will lecture upon "The Evolution of the Thinker." Both lectures will be free, to which all are cordially invited.

PASSING OF THE COWBOY.

Like the Buffalo, the Knight of the Plains Will Soon Be Extinct.

The cowboy, like the buffalo, is fast becoming extinct. In the dawn of the new century now approaching he will be regarded as a curiosity. Ten years hence he will almost have attained the dignity of tradition. History, which embalms the man in armor and exalts the pioneer, holds a place for him.

Dwellers in the long-settled communities scarcely realize how great a change has come over the far west during the last decade. Ranches there will always be—ranches for grain, hay, fruit and blooded livestock—but not for the rearing of range cattle. Yet the time is in easy memory when there was a craze over the cattle business; when the cowboy was king at Dodge City; when hundreds of educated young men went west to share the hardships of herders. Today the cattle ranches are deserted, or mortgaged, or turned into farms. A more advanced intelligence has penetrated the possibilities of irrigation, and water is reclaiming the wilderness once given over to the long-horn steer.

What the ship is to the sailor the pony is to the cow-puncher—a term which his American levity prefers to cowboy or vaquero. One who sits in the saddle for years becomes the antithesis of Antaeus, who gained strength by each contact with the earth. The cowboy, in common with the Spaniard and the Comanche Indian, is at a disadvantage when he walks. Like Shelly's skylark, he is a "scorner of the ground." The personality of a horse and a rider is in a measure merged; the one without the other is only a part of the whole.

So the Texas anecdote is credible enough. It relates that a cowboy looking for work was offered the employment of digging a well. "Can I do it on horseback?" was the query and the covert stipulation. Of equal credibility is Lieut. Revere's story anent the provincial governor in California. This individual was careless enough to cross the street without the aid of his horse. Falling, he broke his leg on some obstruction. A Chicago man would have sued somebody; but the governor discerned the real cause of the accident, exclaiming: "This is what comes of walking on the ground."

The cowboy's attitude toward his employers from the east has generally been one of amiable toleration. He recognizes them as a necessary adjunct to the business—a source of supply of bronchos to "bust" and cows to "punch." The owners do not suffer in consequence.—Lippincott's.

MINING IN ONTARIO.

Annual Report of the Director of Mines—Ratio of Wages to the Value of Output.

Canadians Have $179,000,000 in the Banks and still Foreign Capital is Required.

The annual report of the Ontario Bureau of Mines has been issued, and gives evidence of careful compilation, by Mr. Archibald Blue, director of the bureau. The report for 1894 is prefaced by a few remarks on the difficulty of securing capital for the development of mines during a period of depression. The American and English capitalists heretofore put into the work has for the time, as a result of depression, ceased to flow toward Canada. Mr. Blue, discussing the often-asked question why Canadians themselves do not invest in mining enterprises, says:

"Money in large quantities is known to be lying in the banks. The statement for the month ending the 28th of February ultimo show that there was deposited in the banks of Canada by the public, payable on demand, $64,555,403, and payable after notice $115,083,710, making a total of $179,639,113. The statement for the corresponding date in 1881 showed that there was at that time deposited and payable on demand $40,474,518, and payable after notice $38,545,406, being a total of $79,019,924. This was a period of high-water mark in commercial and industrial activity in Canada, and men with money were encouraged to invest in business enterprise rather than deposit in the banks at a low rate of interest or at no rate at all. After fourteen years the deposits are seen to have been increased by over $100,000,000, one-third of the whole amount being at call and the rest at a rate of interest possibly not half as much as was allowed in 1881. Yet, with all the money in Canadian banks at the credit of Canadians, if $10,000 or $100,000 is required to develop a promising mineral property—the investment of which would be, of course, a risk—we must look to the United States or Great Britain for it! The labor of the miner alone may develop the mineral wealth of Ontario, as it has done elsewhere upon rare occasions; but the progress of unaided labor in this department of industry must be slow and precarious. With the help of capital the chance of successful effort may be greatly improved, and it does seem to be a deplorable situation that where nature has been so bountiful the citizen folds his arms, and the enterprising foreigner is invited to step in to win and carry away the treasure. When the gas fields of Essex and Welland were opened, pipe lines were laid down to convey the cheap fuel to Detroit and Buffalo. But this, fortunately, is an extreme instance of how mineral fortunes may be given away. To be inspired with confidence in the resources of the country is laudable if the facts warrant it; yet more important is the enterprise which undertakes to develop resources when they are discovered and can be utilized. . . . In the matter of mineral possessions especially what we require is, first, the enterprise to prove by substantial prospecting work that a location has mineral value, and, secondly, a sufficiency of capital to develop and operate it in a business-like way for profit. These are risks that must be taken before the mineral wealth of our country can be utilized. There is no other way. The real-estate miner, who buys and sells mineral lands without expending a dollar in labor to show what they are worth, may have his uses, but he does nothing to convert natural resources into tangible wealth. Unemployed money in the bank or the safe, and ores of gold, nickel, copper and iron in the earth, are in that form alike useless to the service of man. The money must go into circulation, and the ores must be won and their metals made ready for the purposes of commerce and the arts."

The number of locations during the past year was 40, extending to 3,271 acres, the price being $7,646. The number leased was 66, of 7,050 acres in extent, the receipts from rents of locations being $10,296. The total value of the product of 1894 was $6,086,758, and the number of persons employed in producing it was 6,075, who received $1,840,289 in wages. There seems to be a very considerable saving of labor to the mine-owner in comparison with 1893, when the product was valued at but $46,000 less than in 1894, while 1,087 more men were employed in 1893 than in 1894, and $95,301 more was paid in wages.

Some curious results are reached by an analysis of the figures. In the petroleum industry, for example, 486 employees turn out products to the value of $2,146,937, and get $279,930 in wages, or, roughly speaking, about an eighth of the value produced. The remaining seven-eighths go to the owners of the old fields and the captains of commerce. On the other hand, in the marketing of common brick and drain tile, the value of which is set down at $970,000, there are 2,375 employees, earning $388,000. In brick-making 40 per cent. of the total product goes to the worker, the raw material being of very little value. In the quarrying of stone even a greater proportion of the product goes to the laborer. The value of some stone quarried by 854 persons was $554,000, and the amount paid in wages was $336,000.

As Mr. Blue explains, much of the work done in the gold fields of the province is in development and preparing for the erection of mills. The statistics show that the harvest of the stockholder is not yet. During 1894 the amount of gold produced in Ontario was 2,022½ ounces, valued at $32,776. To the 92 men engaged in gold-mining $38,032 were paid in wages. Of the prospects of gold-mining generally Mr. Blue says:

"The gold fields of the province are attracting greater notice, and during the past year the Rainy Lake region especially drew many explorers and capitalists toward it. Numerous discoveries of gold-bearing ore are reported there, four or five locations being actually developed, and one gold mill is nearly ready for operation. In the Lake of the Woods district the mine and mill on Sultana Island have been worked continuously, and it is claimed that free-milling ore is obtained throughout the entire extent of the workings, now about 200 feet underground. Three other promising properties are in course of development with British, American and Canadian capital, and it is proposed to put a mill on each of them this year. At the present time a mill is in course of erection at Harold Lake, near the upper waters of the Seine river. The Ophir mine and mill in Galbraith township were operated only during a portion of the year, owing, it is said, to an insufficiency of capital; but the engineer in charge claims that the work done in the mine proved it to be a good property. The death of one of the principal shareholders, which occurred recently, will doubtless for a time leave the affairs of the company in an unsettled condition. The Creighton mine in the township of that name was idle the whole year, but towards the close of it fresh exploratory work was commenced with a diamond drill, and it is reported that a strike of considerable promise has been made; operations to more satisfactorily prove the extent and quality of the ore body are now in progress. In the Lake Wahbapitae district a location taken up by Mr. Rinaldo McConnell, of Mattewa, has attracted much attention by the exceedingly rich samples of ore taken from it. A company has been organized to work the property, and a shaft is in course of being sunk upon the vein. In the Marmora district little has been done. Only one property, the Ledyard mine in Belmont, was worked during the year. Some good ore was raised and a second-hand Huntington mill was set up, which, however, gave little or no result. A new Huntington mill has been purchased and will be running in the course of a few weeks. The gold mill built at Marmora to treat arsenical ores by the Walker-Carter process has been closed down for want of ore to treat."

Mr. Blue gives some very interesting statistics as to the ratio of wages to value of product in some of the leading branches of mining, and devotes a considerable amount of space to a demonstration of the growth of the cement and clay industries. The pressed brick and terra cotta departments are developing rapidly. Six years only have passed since the introduction of this industry, and last year 209 workmen were engaged turning out product to the value of $286,230. There has been steady improvement in the architecture of our cities as a result of the introduction of these materials.

The director hopes for more from the new paving-brick industry, and says:—"The importance of the clay industry has been so well recognized by the legislature of Ohio that a course of medical and scientific instruction in the art of clay-making and ceramics has been added to the educational work of the State University, and the first term of this department opened in September of last year. Work of that character is as much needed in Ontario as Ohio, and the professors of our scientific schools cannot too soon prepare to enter upon it."

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P. R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R. R. office.

In Your Blood

Is the cause of that tired, languid feeling which afflicts you at this season. The blood is impure and has become thin and poor. That is why you have no strength, no appetite, cannot sleep. Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, tone your stomach and invigorate your nerves.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

—To feel buoyant and cheerful use Adams' Tutti Frutti after meals. It aids digestion wonderfully. Refuse imitations.

GET STRONG by taking Johnston's Fluid Beef

KEEP STRONG by taking it Regularly

Financial.

London, Aug. 2.—Gold, Buenos Ayres, 2.40.70; Madrid, 14.50; Lisbon, 25; St. Petersburg, 50; Athens, 77; Rome, 104.65; Vienna, 103.

Berlin, Aug. 2.—Exchange on London, 8 days sight, 20 marks 44 pfennings.

New York, Aug. 2.—Bar silver, 66¼; silver certificates, 66¾; Canadian Pacific in London, 53¾; Canadian Pacific in Montreal, 52¼; money, 1.

—People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT

DOCTOR SWEANY, SPECIALIST,

(Regular Graduate Registered.)

Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash., 713 Front St. (Union Block), where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future as they have in the past from the ablest and most successful specialist of the age.

Diplomas and Licenses

hang on the walls of his office. He has had many years of experience in the leading Eastern hospitals, also many years of successful practice that

Challenges the World.

He publishes no names of patients, nor their diseases, but cures them, and any one in need of his services desiring references can be shown hundreds of genuine testimonials on file in his office which grateful patients have requested him to use.

WHY Do the SICK PEOPLE of Seattle and vicinity crowd his office daily.

BECAUSE the wonderful cures he is making have created confidence and delight in the hearts of those who have struggled in vain for years against the ravages of disease until this successful doctor, whose picture appears above, restored them to health.

BUSINESS MEN

Now realize the fact that DOCTOR SWEANY can be depended upon to fulfill his promises in every respect and he now numbers among his patients prominent business men of this city and vicinity. He treats all medical and surgical diseases.

LOST MANHOOD among young, middle aged and old men. The awful effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses in after life.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, aversion to society, stupidity, despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammations, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

CATARRH—Which poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption. Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Syphilitic Taints, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison, primary or secondary thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from persistent Headaches, Painful Menstruation, Intolerable Itching, or any of the distressing ailments peculiar to your sex, you should consult Dr. Sweany without delay. He cures when others fail.

WRITE Your troubles if living away from the city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Strictly confidential. Medicine sent secure from observation. Book entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH" sent free to those describing their troubles. Address

LEVERETT SWEANY, M. D.
(Union Block)
713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

MUNICIPAL.

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

NOTICE

Pandora street between Douglas and Blanchard street is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 9, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20, and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1894, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In the North Ward on Mondays and Thursdays.
In the Central Ward on Tuesdays and Fridays.
In the South Ward on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforced.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. m17

Notice in Respect to Thistles.

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the Consolidated Thistle By-Law, which read as follows, viz.:

"3. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee, of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles have gone to seed or come to flower."

"4. Every person convicted of an infraction of the by-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

The said persons are also respectfully informed that this is the only notification they will receive in regard to this matter.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B. C., June 25th, 1895.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A [illegible] His cured thousands of Cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of [illegible] ory, Diseases and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by [illegible] Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C.

Music

Re-written, Transposed, Arranged and Composed for the Voice, Piano, any instrument or combination of instruments.

JNO. M. FINN,
27 Blanchard St., Victoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

YACHTING.

THE GOELET CUPS.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 2.—The race for the Goelet cups will take place to-day. The course will be 15 miles to windward and return instead of the triangular course. The entries are: Schooners—Constellation, Amorita, Emerald, Marguerita, Merlin, Loyal, Naera, Mayflower and Lasca. Sloops—Defender, Vigilant, Jubilee, Volunteer, Wasp and Queen Mab. The cups are offered by Ogden Goelet and are valued respectively at $1000 for schooners and $500 for sloops.

A meeting will be held to-day to fix the dates for the America cup races.

The yachtsmen had an easy time yesterday with nothing to do but stay under hatches. The yachtsmen, in their idleness, were busy thinking about certain things, chief among which was the question of the measurements of the Defender and the probable time that boat would have to allow the Vigilant. These facts cannot be found out exactly because the Defender's size has not been taken.

Those who have an inside track for information are pretty sure, nevertheless, that the new boat will be obliged to give the centre-boarder about 4 minutes, and if this is the case, the Defender is not what the gossips say: "As good as her owners and builders hoped she would be." It is not to be merely conjectured how much better the Vigilant is than she was in 1893, but allowing that she is six minutes faster, that improvement is not sufficient to satisfy the statisticians. We have it that the Valkyrie is 19 minutes faster than the Britannia in light weather, over 50 miles, and that over 30 miles she would be 11 minutes and two-fifths seconds to the good. In view of the figures, the sharps cannot see how the Defender is going to beat the Valkyrie. It may be, they say, that the Defender has not shown her best form. It may also be said that perhaps the Valkyrie has not shown her best form either. There seems to be no doubt that the Jubilee will start in to-morrow's race for the Goelet cup for single stickers. An Associated Press reporter saw General Payne in the Jubilee last evening and asked if the yacht would certainly go. "I hope so," replied the general in a tone that indicated positive intention. The weather indications are that the southwest wind will continue and that the yachts will, after a start from Brenton's Reef lightship, go to the southwest to Block island.

The Defender, Vigilant, Jubilee and Volunteer got away at 8 a.m. with every prospect of a strong breeze. At 2 p.m. the Defender led the other boats by about three miles with the Vigilant and Volunteer close together. They have still ten miles to run on the second leg of the course.

THE TURF.

CHICHESTER STAKES.

Goodwood, Aug. 2.—The Chichester stakes were won by Mr. Bassett's Wise Virgin.

CHESTERFIELD CUP.

The cup was won by Mr. C. J. Fawcett's Pitcher.

THE WHEEL.

CANADA NOT IN IT.

Wauseon, O., Aug. 2.—Bald could do no better than third yesterday in the mile open, being beaten by Titus, who was first, and C. M. Murphy, who was second. None of the Canadian riders showed up among the winners.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 2.—Chairman Gideon, of the L. A. W., in his bulletin just issued, permanently suspends a number of riders, mostly of St. Louis, for racing on Sunday.

A SUNDAY TRIP.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Arrangements have been made for a party of wheelmen to make the run to Grimsby, Ont., next Sunday by way of St. Catharines and Thorold.

CRICKET.

VANCOUVER CRICKETERS.

Most of the members of the Vancouver Cricket team came over last evening on the Charmer, and are this afternoon playing a match against a navy team. To-morrow they play the match of the season with the Victoria Cricket Club team at Caledonia Park.

CHESS.

MATCH BY WIRE.

This evening at 6:30 the chess match by wire between Seattle and San Francisco commences. There are to be three games played at the same time with three men on each side at each table, or nine players per side. Twelve moves per hour are agreed upon, which may be made at the option of the players at the rate of five minutes each or if one or more moves shall be made in less than the average rate, the time gained thereby may be used on one or more moves at any other part of the hour.

LAWN TENNIS.

HANDICAP SINGLES.

The second round in the handicap singles has been completed and all but two matches in the third round. The results of yesterday's contests follow:

C. R. Longe (owes 30), beat H. Payne (rec. 1-2 15), 6-3, 6-1.

E. A. Jacob (scratch), beat C. R. Longe (owes 30), 6-1, 6-5.

A. J. O'Reilly (rec. 1-2 30), beat G. E. Parkes (rec. 15), 6-5, 6-2.

W. H. Langley (rec. 15), beat R. C. Gamble (rec. 15), 6-5, 6-4.

J. A. Bithet (rec. 1-2 30), beat L. Crease (rec. 1-2 30), 6-2, 6-1.

AQUATIC.

BURLINGTON BAY.

Hamilton, Ont., Aug. 2.—Junior single sculls, L. Marsh, Dons, Toronto, 1st; A. C. Jury, Toronto, 2nd; A. E. Wark, Leander, Hamilton, 3rd.

Junior fours, Argonauts, Toronto, five lengths, 1st; Dons, Toronto, 2nd; Leanders, Hamilton, 3rd.

Junior double sculls, Dons, Toronto, (No. 1), won by four lengths; Dons, Toronto (No. 2), 2nd. These were the only starters.

MISCELLANEOUS.

An eleven from the Royal Arthur yesterday defeated Lieut. Church's eleven by 245 to 116.

The Victoria Yacht Club race for half-raters will take place next Saturday.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Heavy Withdrawal of Gold for Canada. Other News.

New York, Aug. 2.—The gold ordered by the Bank of Montreal is being drawn from the sub-treasury. It is on Canadian account and will not be shipped until next week. Nesslage and Fuller will ship $100,000 to-morrow and there is a rumor that a coffee importing house will ship $100,000. If all the gold expected to be shipped to-morrow goes forward the amount will be $1,350,000 exclusive of the Bank of Montreal's withdrawal for next week.

Buffalo, Aug. 2.—George Allen, one of the men who kidnapped Lawyer O. O. Cottle for ransom, has been arrested at the Mansion House by Detectives Reagen and Quinn. Superintendent of Police Bull said that he knows where John C. Emery, Allen's confederate, is, and hoped to have him before night. Allen has registered at the hotel as J. W. Mason and called at Cottle's office to deliver a letter from Emery demanding $2,500. He did not get it and called again. Last night the Cottles informed the police that Allen was still in town and the detectives located him. He is now in jail.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Allen has retained Hugh O. Pentrost, of New York, as his attorney. The crime that was committed by Emery and Allen was one of the most daring crimes ever committed here. Lawyer Cottle was inveigled into taking a buggy ride to look at some property, and when driving on Baynes street he was over-powered and thrown into a dungeon-like cellar, handcuffed and chained by his ankles to a post; a gag was thrust into his mouth and then under the threat of death they compelled him to write a note to his wife asking for $5000 immediately. When the note was delivered, a son of Cottle, suspecting that his father was in durance, attempted by personal interview with Emery to temporize, but with no avail. It is generally believed that the money was paid. The elder Cottle was then liberated from his dungeon, while his captors made their escape to Canada. It was afterwards learned that Emery was an alias assumed by Charlie Strong of this city, who has, under the name of Emery, become a fugitive from Cincinnati justice and a resident of Toronto. He had employed Cottle as attorney to obtain a pardon to permit him to return to the States, and claims to have paid him something like $14,000 for getting the pardon. Cottle failing in this endeavor, however, Strong, alias Emery, had at various times sought restitution and finally devised upon kidnapping and ransom to effect it. It is thought that Emery is in New York. Letters were found on Allen's person which caused the superintendent of police to communicate with New York. Allen admits his identity now, though he says his real name is John Macdonald, and the place of his nativity is Louisville, Ky. He also confesses to the kidnapping, but will not peach on Emery. District Attorney Henney attempted to extract some information from Allen at the jail this afternoon, but he refused to say anything about his confederate. Allen came here from New York accompanied by Attorney Pentrost. He is a good-looking young fellow about 5 feet 8 inches in height and weighs 135 pounds. He is well dressed and intelligent looking.

New York, Aug. 2—Judge Gildersleeve in the Superior Court signed a decree to-day granting absolute divorce to Mrs. Ollie Corbett from her husband, champion pugilist James J. Corbett. Mrs. Corbett is allowed by decree $5,200 alimony.

New York, Aug. 2.—The situation of the garment-makers' strike, as their leaders outline it, continued to-day. Samuel Probstein, member of the executive committee of the union, said to-day: "About 300 contractors have now yielded to our demands."

Washington, Aug. 2.—The latest news from General Coppinger received at the war department via his headquarters is reassuring. The Indians are returning from Jaskson's Hole by a straight line to the reservation. The scare is over.

New York, Aug. 2.—The downward tendency is still in force. Trading was moderate in volume at the opening but prices were shaded all round.

The sum of $1,000,000 in gold has been ordered at the sub-treasury by the Bank of Montreal for shipment by to-morrow's European steamer.

Merced, Cal., Aug. 2.—The Coulterville stage was held up six miles from here by a masked robber. He secured the Wells, Fargo & Co. treasure box with valuable contents.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Schroeder returned from the Sound this morning.

Major T. O. Townley, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

T. M. Henderson returned last evening from Vancouver.

Francis W. Fox and wife, of California, are at the Driard.

Mr. W. Martin and wife, of Vernon, are at the New England.

J. B. Gordon, of Bradstreets, left for Portland last evening.

A. J. Galletly, of the Montreal Bank, has returned from the West Coast.

R. McKay Fripp and wife, of Vancouver, are registered at the New England.

Supt. F. S. Hussey, of the Provincial police, returned from the Mainland last evening.

Geo. McL. Brown, of the C.P.R., returned from the Sound last evening and left for Vancouver this morning.

It is rumored that Navigating Lieut. Moggridge, of H.M.S. Royal Arthur, has been promoted to the rank of Commander.

Miss F. A. Mead, of Westminster, who has been visiting relatives in Victoria for the past month, returned home this morning.

Commander Stokes, of H. M. S. Royal Arthur, has left on a three weeks' leave of absence for the East. He will visit friends in Ontario.

Miss Laura Agnew, who has been studying for the musical profession, left yesterday for San Francisco, where she intends to follow the profession. She is accompanied by her mother.

IS A SONG A PLAY?

Decided That "Daisy Bell" in Bloomers Is Not Dramatic.

The question whether "Daisy Bell" is a dramatic piece or simply a song is a recondite matter of combined literary and legal criticism upon which the British Court of Appeal have differed from Mr. Justice Kennedy, though they have affirmed on another ground the judgment which he delivered recently in the case of Fuller against the Blackpool Winter Gardens Company. The plaintiff, whose professional name is Miss Katie Lawrence, acquired in 1892 the sole right of performing "Daisy Bell" in public, but, in consequence apparently of some misunderstanding, the song as published did not contain on the title page a general reservation of this right. On the contrary, the public were expressly notified that the song might be sung without fee or license, "except at music halls." Sung, accordingly, it was at the defendant company's hall, which is not a music hall, and that just at a time when Miss Lawrence had an engagement at a rival place of entertainment in the same town. Hence there ensued protest on her part, and finally litigation, in which she has sought to recover the statutory penalty of £2 for each, as she alleges, unauthorized performance. If "Daisy Bell" is a dramatic piece, the company could shield themselves by showing Miss Lawrence's consent in writing to the performance of it. Mr. Justice Kennedy held that it was dramatic, and that the notice on the title page was a sufficient consent. Accordingly he gave judgment in their favor. But, in the view of the Court of Appeals, a song is not "a dramatic piece," within the meaning of the Copyright Act, simply because it is dramatically performed. Miss Lawrence's bicycle and costume to match are accessories which she has introduced, but which are really not part of the song. Otherwise, as Lord Justice A. L. Smith said, every boy in the streets who sang it would be liable to the penalty and double costs. Probably there are not a few persons who, a year or two back, would have regarded such liability with much satisfaction. But the result of holding the piece to be merely a musical composition was simply to give the defendants another and still surer means of escape. A recent statute makes it essential that the owner of a song, before he can complain of any infringement of his rights, shall print on it a notice that the right of public performance is reserved, and a stop has thus been put to the oppressive system under which unwary amateurs found themselves suddenly entangled in a lawsuit from which they could only emerge with serious pecuniary loss. In the present case, Miss Lawrence had not complied with the statute, and hence her action has failed.

Mother—Johnny, you've been in swimming.
Johnny—No, I haven't.
Mother—Was the water cold?
Johnny—You bet it was!

James E. Nicholson.

CANCER ON THE LIP

CURED BY

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose. I suffered in agony seven long years. Finally, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a decided improvement. Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore began to heal, and, after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."—JAMES E. NICHOLSON, Florenceville, N. B.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

For
First-class
Footwear,
Faultless
Fit and
Finest
Finish, in
Foremost
Fashions, at
Fairest
Figures,

Blacks and Tans.

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR

The Brantford Mower,
Wisner Hay Tedders,
Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes,
Massey-Harris Steel Frame Wide-open Binder.

AGENTS—New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP; - Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

Summer Suits to Order for $16

At R. J. MATTHEWS', Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St

First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $14. Good Pants to order from $3.50. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.

101 DOUGLAS ST.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Miss McLellan, Mrs Martin and son, A Cox, Miss Morris, J Coltart, F S Hussey, H Rink, Master Dodd, T O Townley, T M Henderson and son, E Mohun, J Shallcross, J A Thompson, E Mahon, W J K Flinton, E C Senkler, C B Dean, W M Wood, R McKay Fripp and wife, J W Sinclair, David Robertson and wife, Prof Odlum, James Stuart, A G Sanfield, J T Tebbutt, W C Wetner and wife, W G O'Lerybian and wife, T P McIntyre.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs R I Davis, Miss Johns, Miss Vance, Miss Ker, Mr Burrill and wife, W J Abrahams and wife, B Sideman and daughter, Miss McAllister, Miss Rose McAllister, Mrs T Brown, Mrs Shrubsole, W F Carson, Miss L M Smith, G Newman, M McCaskall, S W Malone, Geo McL Brown, Dr Dudley and wife, C C Bell.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J Blaine, Mrs Schroeder, Mrs McKee, Mrs K Jackson, T Lundell, W Hallett, J Jones, P O Briers.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—H B Co, Kurtz & Co, S Field, F R Stewart, R J Nott, R P Rithet & Co, Dom Ex Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J Hutcheson, Ames Holden Co, Marvin & Tilton, Lenz & Leiser, Hon W H Cobb, Shore & Anderson, Can Paint Co, L D W, R & Co, Vic Steam Laundry, E M Wilson, E E Blackwood, Bank of B C, M W Waitt & Co, Weiler Bros, D Mitchell, J. Ord.

—Sir Mackenzie Bowell and party, who are coming west over the C. P. R., will be met at Vancouver by the Dominion government steamer Quadra. Sir Mackenzie will take a trip north, either before or after his visit to Victoria.

In Your Blood

Is the cause of that tired, languid feeling which afflicts you at this season. The blood is impure and has become thin and poor. That is why you have no strength, no appetite, cannot sleep. Purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will give you an appetite, tone your stomach and invigorate your nerves.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

THEOSOPHY.

DR. : ALLAN : GRIFFITHS,

The Pacific Coast Lecturer, will Lecture at 8 o'clock on

FRIDAY, EVENING, Aug. 2nd,

SUBJECT:

"Theosophy and Suicide."

And on Sunday evening, August 4, subject, "Evolution of the Thinker," at Theosophical Headquarters, 28 Broad street (the Williams Block).

ADMISSION FREE.

Under New Management.

MR. J. DORN,
OF CHICAGO,

Has assumed the management of the

New York Restaurant

Which he intends conducting in a strictly first-class manner. The restaurant, which has been entirely renovated and refitted, will be open day and night and none but competent white labor will be employed.

MR. DORN is a noted chef and by strict attention to business hopes to be favored with a share of public patronage. The restaurant opens for business under the new management on Saturday evening, August 3rd.

New York Restaurant,
67 and 69 Yates Street.

Tips on Soap.

Not a rub in the tub.

Pendray's Electric

Does the Work. Not you.

SAVE ALL THOSE WRAPPERS—September 30 will soon be here. The three largest number returned by that date will receive:

FIRST PRIZE, - - - - $25
SECOND PRIZE - - - - 15
THIRD PRIZE, - - - - 10

Buy PENDRAY'S and buy only PENDRAY'S.

JOHNS BROS.

Beg to announce that they are occupying their new premises and invite inspection of their large stock of

CHOICE GROCERIES,
TIN AND AGATE WARE,
PRESERVING BOTTLES, ETC.

Best goods at Lowest Prices.

JOHNS BROS.,
Cor. King's Road & Douglas St.

Merit Speaks.

You cannot hide a light under a bushel, nor can you keep from the public the merits of the

Heintzman and Nordheimer Pianos.

THEY
SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES
TRUMPET TONGUED.
PEOPLE PRAISE THEM.
HEARERS LIKE THEM.
AND WE GUARANTEE THEM.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,
Agents.

A Charming Retreat.

Mr. F. J. Dawley begs to announce that he has assumed the management of the hostelry known as the

FOUR MILE HOUSE.

This well known and beautifully situated resort has been thoroughly renovated and refitted and now offers exceptional inducements to tourists or persons desiring to spend a time away from the heat and dust of the city.

F. J. DAWLEY,
Proprietor.

3j29-tf